SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

and SYLLABI

For

B.E. (Information Technology)

 $3^{rd} - 8^{th}$ semester

For

Academic Session

2019-20

Vision of Department of Information Technology:

The Department of Information technology aims to develop information technology engineers who work professionally and creatively for the advancement of technology and betterment of society.

Mission of Department of Information Technology:

- To impart quality education by developing information technology facilities, faculty and resources that generates professionals who are leaders for a dynamic information society.
- To develop a collaborative culture, so as to nurture an environment of increased research amongst the students and faculty.
- To encourage hands-on learning by fostering industrial partnerships to create real world solutions through innovation, product development, entrepreneurship and consultancy services.
- To enhance human potential by encouraging transparency and accountability amongst all stakeholders, in order to nurture ethical values in students.

Programme Educational Objectives (PEOs)

- <u>PEO 1</u>: Graduates are prepared to be employable in industry and possess knowledge of engineering & IT concepts, practices and tools to support design, development, application and maintenance of IT enabled products and projects.
- **PEO 2:** Graduates are prepared to pursue higher education in their area of interest.
- <u>PEO 3:</u> Graduates are prepared to possess professional skills like team work, ethics, competence in written & oral communication.

Program Outcomes:

- a) An ability to apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and computing to the solution of complex engineering problems.
- b) An ability to identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
- c) An ability to design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
- d) An ability to use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

- e) An ability to create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
- f) An ability to apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
- g) To understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
- h) An ability to apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms.
- i) An ability to function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
- j) An ability to communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, etc.
- k) An ability to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
- 1) An ability to recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and lifelong learning in the broadest context of technological change.

EXAMINATION NOTE:

The Semester question paper of a subject will be of 50 marks having 7 questions of equal marks. First question, covering the whole syllabus and having questions of conceptual nature, will be compulsory. Rest of the paper will be divided into two parts having three questions each and the candidate is required to attempt at least two questions from each part.

2.0 Credit System

- 2.1 All B.E / integrated B.E-M.B.A programmes are organized around semester-based credit system of study. The credit system is based on continuous evaluation of a student's performance/progress and includes flexibility to allow a student to progress at an optimum pace suited to his/her ability or convenience, subject to fulfilling minimum requirements for continuation.
- 2.2 Performance/progress of a student is measured by the number of credits that he/she has earned (completed satisfactorily). Based on the course credits and grades obtained by the student, grade point average is calculated. A minimum grade point average is required to be maintained for satisfactory progress and continuation in the programme. Also a minimum number of earned credits and a minimum grade point average should be acquired in order to qualify for the degree.

2.3 Course Credit Assignment:

Each course has a certain number of credits assigned to it depending on the associated number of lecture, tutorials and laboratory contact hours in a week. A few courses are without credit and are referred to as non-credit (NC) courses.

Lectures and Tutorials: One lecture hour or one tutorial hour per week per semester is assigned one credit.

Practical / Laboratory Work: One laboratory hour per week per semester is assigned half credit.

The credits are rounded off to the nearest whole number.

For each lecture or tutorial the self study component is 1 hour/week.

2.4 Earning Credits :

At the end of every course, a letter grade is awarded in each course for which a student had registered. On obtaining a pass grade (at least 'D' grade), the student accumulates the course credits as earned credits. Performance of a student is measured by the number of credits that he/she has earned and by the weighted grade point

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average. A student has the option of auditing some courses. Grades obtained in these audit courses are not counted towards the calculation of grade point average. However, a pass grade ('D'grade) is essential for earning credits from an audit course.

3.0 Grading System

- 3.1 Relative standing of the student in the class shall be clearly indicated by his/her grades. The process of awarding grades shall be based upon fitting performance of the class to a defined statistical model.
- 3.2 The grades and their respective description , along with grade points are listed in the table given below in Table-1

Table-1

Grade	Grade	Description
Graue		Description
	Point	
A +	10	Outstanding
A	9	Excellent
B+	8	Very Good
В	7	Good
C+	6	Average
C	5	Below average
D	4	Marginal
E	2	Poor
F	0	Very Poor
I	-	Incomplete
NP	-	Audit Pass
NF	-	Audit Fail
\mathbf{W}	-	Withdrawal
X	-	Unsatisfactory
S	-	Satisfactory
		Completion
Z	-	Course
		continuation

4.0 Evaluation System

4.1 Continuous Assessment:

There shall be continuous evaluation of the student during the semester. For evaluation purpose, total marks assigned to each subject shall be distributed as:

Two Mid semester Examination (Minor-1 and Minor-2) with 30 % of total marks assigned to the subject.

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S	-	Satisfactory				
		Completion				

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Two Mid semester Examination (Minor-1 and Minor-2) with 30 % of total marks assigned to the subject. Best Marks of one of these two will be considered for award of sessional.

Assignments/Class projects/ short class tests/MCQ based quizzes/projects/presentations/group discussions/ Attendance with 20 % of total marks assigned to the subject.

One End Semester Examination (Major

Assignments/Class projects/ short class tests/MCQ based quizzes/projects/presentations/group discussions with 20 % of total marks assigned to the subject.

One End Semester Examination (Major Examination) with 50 % of total marks assigned to the subject.

Total score on a scale of 100 i.e. in % obtained by a student in a subject shall be hence forth referred as raw score in that subject.

Following the concept of relative grading, before assigning the letter grades, scientific normalization method shall be used to standardize the raw score.

4.2 Statistical Method for the Award of Grades:

For the award of grades in a course, all component wise evaluation shall be done in terms of marks. The components include: Midterm-1 and Midterm-2 examinations, Assignments/projects/class

presentations/Attendance, and End semester examination as per regulation 4.1. After converting the marks obtained in percentage, the grades will be assigned as per the guidelines given below:

4.2.1 For less than 15 students in a course, the grades shall be awarded on the basis of cutoff in the absolute marks as shown in Table-2.

Table-2

	IC-2	
Absolut e marks	Grade	Absolute marks in %
in %		
91	< A+ <	100
82	< A <	90
73	< B+ <	81
64	< B <	72
55	< C+ <	63
46	< C <	54
40	< D <	45
35	< E <	39
	F <	35

4.2.2 For more than 30 students in a course, the statistical method shall be used for the award of grades. After expressing the score obtained by the students in a course in percentage (X), the class mean (X) and class standard deviation (X) of the marks shall be calculated and grades

Examination) with 50 % of total marks assigned to the subject. It is compulsory to appear in End Semester Examination and secure at least 20% marks of total End semester exam marks.

If a candidate secures less than 20% marks of total End semester exam marks, he/she will be awarded F grade.

4.2 Method for the Award of Grades:

For the award of grades in a course, all component wise evaluation shall be done in terms of marks. The components include: Midterm-1 and Midterm-2 examinations,

Assignments/projects/class

presentations/Attendance, and End semester examination as per regulation 4.1. After converting the marks obtained in percentage, the grades will be assigned as per the guidelines given below:

Table-2

I abic-2			
Sr.	Marks	Grade	Grade
No.			Point
1.	≥ 90	A +	10
2.	≥80 &< 90	A	9
3.	≥70 &< 80	B+	8
4.	≥60 &< 70	В	7
5.	≥50 &< 60	C+	6
6.	≥45 &< 50	C	5
7.	≥40 &<45	D	4
8.	<40	F	0

4.2.2 NOT REQUIRED

shall be awarded to a student as shown in Table-3 If X is the raw score in %; is class mean in % and S is class standard deviation in % (based on raw score), N is the number of students in a course, then for the course:

$$\overline{X} = \frac{Sum \ of \ all \ scores}{Number \ of \ Scores} = \frac{\sum_{1}^{N} X_{i}}{N}$$

$$S = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{1}^{N}(X_{i} - \bar{X})^{2}}{N}}$$

Table-3

Lower	Grade	Upper
Range of	Assigned	Range of
Marks(%)		Marks (%)
$\overline{X} + 2S$	≤≤ _{A+}	
$\overline{X} + 1.5S$	≤≤ A <	$\overline{X} + 2S$
$\overline{X} + 1S$	≤≤ B+ <	$\overline{X} + 1.5S$
$\bar{X} + 0.5S$	≤≤ B <	$\overline{X} + 1S$
\overline{X}	≤ C+ <	$\overline{X} + 0.5S$
$\bar{X} - 0.5S$	≤ C <	\overline{X}
$\overline{X} - 1S$	≤ D <	$\overline{X} - 0.5S$
$\overline{X} - 1.5S$	≤ _E <	$\overline{X} - 1S$
	< F <	$\overline{X} - 1.5S$

4.2.3 In case, class student strength in a course lies between 15 and 30, any of the above methods (given in 4.2.1 and 4.2.2) may be used for the award of grades.

4.3 Finalization of Grades

Finalization of the grades shall be done by the Board of Control of the department/ institute or appropriate body/committee approved by the university for the purpose.

In order to maintain a normal distribution in grades, following recommendations of UGC shall be kept in view and considered as broad guidelines by the Board of Control of the department/ institute or appropriate body/committee approved by the university for the purpose.

4.2.3 NOT REQUIRED

4.3 NOT REQUIRED

Grade	% of Population	Remarks
A	7	Includes A+ and A
В	24	Includes B+ and B
C	38	Includes C+ and C
D	24	
F	7	

* Note: In case Board of Control of the department/ institute or appropriate body/committee approved by the university for the purpose, is convinced on broad variations in grade distribution in a class for a particular subject, B.O.C may make some minor variations in ^S while maintaining the grade distribution as recommended by the UGC.

5.0 Evaluation of Performance

5.1 The performance of a student shall be evaluated in terms of two indices, viz. Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA).

SGPA is the grade point average for the semester, and CGPA is the cumulative grade point average for all the completed semesters at any point in time.

The earned credits (E.C) are defined as the sum of course credits for course in which A+ to D grade has been obtained. For U.G students (B.E), credits from courses in which NP or S grade has been obtained are also added.

Points earned in a semester = Σ (Course Credits x Grade Points) for courses in which A+

Z(Course Creatis x Grade Points)) or courses in which I

The SGPA is calculated on the basis of grades obtained in all courses, except audit courses and courses in which S/Z grade is awarded, registered

for the particular semester.

SGPA =
$$\frac{\sum (Course Credits \times Grade Po \text{ int } s)}{\sum (Course Credits \times Grade Po \text{ int } s)} = \frac{\sum (Course Credits)}{\sum (Course Credits)} = \frac{\sum (Course C$$

The CGPA is calculated on the basis of all pass grades, except audit courses and courses in which S/Z grade is awarded, obtained in all completed semesters.

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SGPA is the grade point average for the semester, and CGPA is the cumulative grade point average for all the completed semesters at any point in time.

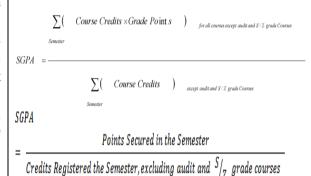
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The SGPA is calculated on the basis of grades obtained in all courses, except audit courses and courses in which S/Z grade is awarded, registered for the particular semester.



The CGPA is calculated as given below:

$$\sum \left(\begin{array}{c} \textit{Course Credits} \times \textit{Grade Point s} \end{array} \right) \qquad \textit{for all courses with pass grade except and to and S / Z grade Courses}$$

$$\textit{CGPA} = \frac{}{}$$

$$\sum \left(\begin{array}{c} \textit{Course Credits earned} \end{array} \right) \qquad \textit{except and to and S / Z grade Courses}$$

$$\textit{All Somether}$$

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION AND SYLLABI FOR B.E. (Information Technology)

Teaching Scheme for B.E. Second Year for AS 2019-2020

Second Year- Third Semester

		Sch	neme of Teacl	hing		Scheme	e of Exan	nination
Subject	Subject Name			Theo	ory	Practical		
Code	Subject Name	L-T-P	Contact hrs/week	Credits	category	Internal Ass.	Univ. Exam	*
MATHS 303	Linear Algebra and Probability Theory	4-1-0	5	4	BSC-G	50	50	-
IT302	Data Structures	4-0-3	7	4+1	PC-G	50	50	50
IT303	Digital Electronics	3-1-3	7	4+1	ESC-G	50	50	50
IT304	Computer Architecture and Organization	3-1-0	4	4	PC-G	50	50	-
IT305	Cyber Laws & IPR	3-0-0	3	3	HSMC	50	50	-
	Total	17-3-6	26	21		250	250	100

Total Marks: 600 Total Credits: 21

S.NO	ТҮРЕ	Credits
1.	BSC(Basic Science Course)	4
2.	ESC (Engineering Science Course)	5
3.	HSMC(Humanities and Social Sciences	3
	including Management courses)	
4.	PC (Professional Course)	9

	Schome of Topphing			Schem	e of Exan	nination		
Subject	Subject Name	Scheme of Teaching			Theory		Practical	
Code	Subject Name	L-T-P	Contact hrs./week	Credits	Category	Internal Ass.	Univ. Exam	*
HSS-401	Elective- I (from Humanities and Social Sciences)	3-0-0	3	3	HSMC	50	50	-
MATHS - 403	Discrete Structures	4-1-0	5	4	BSC-G	50	50	
IT401	Microprocessor & Assembly Language Programming	3-1-3	7	4+1	PC	50	50	50
IT402	Computer Networks	3-1-0	4	4	PC-G	50	50	-
IT403	Operating System	3-1-3	7	4+1	PC-G	50	50	50
IT404	Web and Open Source Technologies	0-0-3	3	1	PC	-	-	50
IT405	Educational Tour	-	-	-		-	-	-
	Total	16-4-9	29	22		250	250	150

Total Marks: 650 Total Credits: 22

S.NO	ТҮРЕ	Credits
1.	BSC (Basic Science Course)	4
2.	HSMC (Humanities and Social	3
	Sciences including Management	
	courses)	
3.	PC (Professional Course)	15

Elective-I (from Humanities and Social Sciences)

- HSS-401a Economics
- HSS-401bIntroduction to Psychology
- HSS-401c Sociology
- HSS-401d Russian Language

Teaching Scheme for B.E. Third Year

Third Year - Fifth Semester

		Cal	ores of Tools	h.: ~		Schem	e of Exan	nination
Subject	Cubicat Name	Sch	eme of Teac	ning		The	ory	Practical
Code	Subject Name	L-T-P	-P Contact hrs./week Credits category		category	Internal Ass.	Univ. Exam	*
IT501	Database Management System	3-1-3	7	4+1	PC-G	50	50	50
IT502	Wireless Communication Technologies	3-1-3	7	4+1	PC	50	50	50
IT503	Network Security and Cryptography	3-1-0	4	4	PC-G	50	50	-
IT504	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	3-1-3	7	4+1	PC-G	50	50	50
IT505a, IT505b, IT505c	Professional Elective-I	4-0-3	7	4+1	PEC	50	50	50
IT506	Industrial Training(after 4 th semester)	0-0-0	0	2	PSI	-	-	50
	Total	16-4-12	32	26		250	250	250

Total Marks: 750 Total Credits: 26

S.NO	TYPE	Credit
1.	PC (Professional Course)	19
2.	PEC(Professional Elective Course)	5
3.	PSI(Project/Seminar/Internship)	2

	Professional Elective-I						
	(Choose any one from the following)					
Sr	Subject	Subject Code					
No.							
1	Java Programming/Technologies	IT505a					
2	UNIX Network Programming	IT505b					
3	Python Programming	IT505c					

Third Year - Sixth Semester

	Scheme of Teaching				Scheme of Examination			
Subject	Subject Name	Scheme of Teaching				Theory		Practical
Code		L-T-P	Contact hrs./week	Credits	Category	Internal Ass.	Univ. Exam	*
IT601	Data Warehouse and Data Mining	4-0-3	7	4+1	PC	50	50	50
IT602	Agile Software Development	4-0-3	7	4+1	PC	50	50	50
IT603	Theory of Computation	3-1-0	4	4	PC-G	50	50	-
IT604	Artificial Intelligence	3-1-3	7	4+1	PC	50	50	50
IT605a IT605b IT605c IT605d	Professional Elective – II	4-0-0	4	4	PEC	50	50	-
	Total	18-2-9	29	23		250	250	150

Total Marks: 650 Total Credits: 23

S.NO	TYPE	Credits
1.	PC(Professional Course)	19
2.	PEC (Professional Elective	4
	Course)	

	Professional Elective Course-II (Choose any one from the following:)						
Sr	Sr Subject Subject Code						
No.							
1	Advanced Computer Network	IT605a					
2	Computer Graphics	IT605b					
3	Advanced Cryptography	IT605c					
4	Software Engineering	IT605d					

Teaching Scheme for B.E. Fourth Year

Fourth Year - Seventh Semester

		Scheme of Teaching				Scheme of Examination			
Subject	Subject Name	Scheme of Teaching					Theo	ry	Practical
Code	Subject Name	L-T-P	Contact	Credits	Category	Internal	Univ.	*	
		2 1 1	hrs./week	Creares		Ass.	Exam		
ITE741	Digital Signal	3-1-3	7	4+1	PC	50	50	50	
	Processing								
ITE742	Agile Software	4-0-3	7	4+1	PC	50	50	50	
	Development								
ITE746	Compiler Design	4-0-0	4	4	PC	50	50	-	
ITE744	Elective-II	4-0-0	4	4	EC	50	50	-	
ITE745									
ITE748									
ITE795	Project-I	0-0-4	4	2	PSI	-	-	100	
ITE796	Industrial Training	0-0-0	0	1	PSI	-	_	50	
	(after 6 th Semester)								

Total Marks: 650 Total Credits: 21

S.NO	TYPE	Credits
1.	PC(Professional Course)	14
2.	EC Elective Course)	4
3.	PSI(Project/Seminar/Internship)	3

	Elective Course-II						
	(Choose any one from the following:)					
Sr	Subject	Subject Code					
No.							
1	Cloud Computing	ITE744					
2	Artificial Intelligence	ITE745					
3	Principle of Telecommunication	ITE748					

Fourth Year - Eighth Semester

		Caha	me of Tooch	ina		Scher	ne of Exam	ination
Subject	Cubiast Name	Sche	me of Teach	ing		Theo	ory	Practical
Code	Subject Name	L-T-P	Contact	Credit	Type	Internal	Univ.	*
			hrs./week	S		Ass.	Exam	
ITE841	Digital Image	3-1-3	7	4+1	PC	50	50	50
	Processing							
ITE842	Embedded	3-1-3	7	4+1	PC	50	50	50
	System Design							
ITE843	Java Technologies	4-0-3	7	4+1	PC	50	50	50
ITE844	Elective-III	3-1-0	4	4	EC	50	50	-
ITE845								
ITE847								
ITE897	Seminar	0-0-2	2	1	PSI	-	-	50
ITE898	Project II	0-0-4	4	2	PSI	-	-	100
	Total Marks:700 Total Credits: 22							
			C	OR OPTI	ON – 2			
Sub	Sub Name	\mathbf{D}_{1}	uration	Credits		Int. Ass.	Marks	Grand

22

300

400

OPTION-1

Industrial Training

Code

ITE899

S.NO	TYPE	Credits
1.	PC(Professional Course)	15
2.	EC Elective Course)	4
3.	PSI(Project/Seminar/Internship)	3

6 months

	Elective Course-III (Choose any one from the following:)						
Sr No.	Subject	Subject Code					
1	Theory of Computation	ITE 844					
2	Soft Computing	ITE845					
3	Natural Language Processing	ITE847					

Student can exercise **option 1 or option 2** according to the following:

A student may opt for one semester training in lieu of subjects of 8th Semester. The marks for six months training will be equal to the total marks of 8th Semester study. A student can opt for six month semester training under following conditions:-

a. The student having any pending reappears in any subject (theory as well as practical) will not be allowed to go for training.

Total

700

- b. The students scoring less than 6.5 CGPA upto 6th semesters will not be allowed to go for training. However, if a student has been placed through campus placement, he/she may be allowed to go for training at that respective company subject to the condition that his/her CGPA is above 6.0.
- c. The students will only be allowed to pursue training in a company in which he/she is placed or company is offering stipend/MNC/Govt. Organization including R&D institutions/PSUs (Not Pvt. Ltd.)
- d. For pursuing this training, student needs the prior approval from the Co-ordinator/Chairperson of the respective branch/department.

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. (I.T.) THIRD SEMESTER

COURSE INFORMATION SHEET

Course Code MATHS-303				
Course Title	Linear Algebra and Probability Theory			
Type of Course	Core			
LTP	410			
Credits	04			
Total Lectures	45			
Course Assessment Methods				
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50			
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50			
Course Prerequisites	Nil			
Course Objectives	 To introduce the concept of Linear Equations and vector spaces. To introduces the use of Eigen vectors and linear transformations. To introduce random variables and Probability theory. To introduce the use of 2-D random Variables. 			
Course Outcomes	 After completion of this course, the students will be able to: Understand the use of Linear algebra and linear transformations. Design solutions using matrices and Eigen Vectors. Apply probability theory in different Engineering problems. Understand the use of random variables. 			

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
Systems of Linear equations Introduction, Linear equations, solutions, Linear equations in two unknowns, Systems of linear equations, equivalent systems, Elementary operations, Systems in Triangular and echelon form, Reduction Algorithm, Matrices, Row equivalence and elementary row operations, Systems of Linear equations and matrices, Homogeneous systems of Linear equations. (Scope as in Chapter 1, Sections 1.1-1.10 of Reference 1).	
Vector Spaces	(05)
Introduction, Vector spaces, examples of vector spaces, subspaces, Linear combinations, Linear	
spans, Linear dependence and Independence, Basis and Dimension, Linear equationsand vector	
spaces. (Scope as in Chapter 5, Sections 5.1-5.8 of Reference1).	

Eigen values and Eigenvectors, Diagonalization Introduction, Polynomials in matrices, Characteristic polynomial, Cayley-Hamilton theorem, Eigen-values and Eigen-vectors, computing Eigen-values and Eigen-vectors, Diagonalizing matrices. (Scope as in Chapter 8, Sections 8.1-8.5 of Reference 1). Linear Transformations	(04)	
theorem, Eigen-values and Eigen-vectors, computing Eigen-values and Eigen-vectors, Diagonalizing matrices. (Scope as in Chapter 8, Sections 8.1-8.5 of Reference 1).		
Diagonalizing matrices. (Scope as in Chapter 8, Sections 8.1-8.5 of Reference 1).		
Linear Transformations		
	(05)	
Introduction, Mappings, Linear mappings, Kernel and image of a linear mapping, Rank-Nullity	(03)	
theorem (without proof), singular and non-singular linear mappings, isomorphisms. (Scope as in		
Chapter 9, Sections 9.1-9.5 of Reference 1).		
Matrices and Linear transformations	(05)	
Introduction, Matrix representation of a linear operator, Change of basis and Linear operators.		
(Scope as in Chapter 10, Sections 10.1-10.3 of Reference 1).		
SECTION-B		
Probability	(07)	
Sample Space and Events, the Axioms of probability, some elementary theorems, Conditional		
probability, Baye's Theorem, Random Variables-Discrete and Continuous,		
Independent random variables, Expectation, Variance and Covariance, Means and variances of		
linear combinations of random variables, Chebyshev's inequality.		
Probability Distributions	(07)	
Joint Probability distributions, Marginal and Conditional distributions, Binomial, Poisson,		
Uniform and Normal distributions, Normal and Poisson approximations to Binomial,		
Moments, Moment generating function.		
T Di	(07)	
Two Dimensional Random Variables	(-)	
Joint distributions - Marginal and conditional distributions - Covariance - Correlation	(-)	
	(-)	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Shaum's Outline of Theory and Problems of Linear Algebra.	Seymour Lipschutz	McGraw- Hill
2	Linear Algebra.	VivekSahai, VikasBist	Narosa Publishing House
3	Introductory Probability and Statistical Applications.	P.L.Meyer	Addison- WesleyPublishing Company
4	Schaum's Outline Series of Theory And Problems Of Probability And Statistics.	Murray R. Spiegel	McGraw- Hill
5	Introduction to Probability and Statistics.	J. S. Milton and J.C. Arnold.	McGraw Hill
6	Probability and Statistics for Engineers.	R.A. Johnson and C.B. Gupta	Pearson Education
7	Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics.	S. C. Gupta and V.K. Kapoor	Sultan Chand and Sons

Course Code	IT302
Course Title	Data Structures (Theory)
Type of Course	Core
LTP	403
Credits	4
Total Lectures	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University	50
Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	
Course Prerequisites	Object Oriented Programming using C++
Course Objectives	 To provide a knowledge regarding an efficient storage of data for an easy access. How to represent the inherent relationship of the data in the real world for efficient processing of data and management. To teach students various data structures and to explain the algorithms for performing various operations on these data structures. To introduce the fundamentals of Data Structures, abstract concepts and how these concepts are useful in problem solving.
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to: 1. Understand and compute the time and space Complexity of algorithms. 2. Learn and implement different abstract data types. 3. Implement and analyze different searching and Sorting algorithms. 4. Apply data structures concepts to solve real life Problems.

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
Introduction	(01)
Introduction to data structures; Introduction to Algorithms Complexity	
Arrays, Stacks & Queues	(08)
Concepts; Basic operations & their algorithms: Transverse, Insert, Delete, Sorting of data in these data structures; Prefix, Infix, Postfix Notations;	

Lists	(10)
Concepts of Link List and their representation; Two way lists; Circular link list; Basic	
operations & their algorithms: Transverse, Insert, Delete, Searching and Sorting of data	
in List; Storage Allocation & Garbage Collection; Linked stack and queues;	
Generalized List; sparse matrix representation using generalized list structure;	
SECTION-B	
Trees	(08)
Binary Trees and their representation using arrays and linked lists; Trees and their	
applications; Binary tree transversal; Inserting, deleting and searching in binary trees;	
Heap & Heap Sort; General Trees; Thread binary tree; Height balance Tree (AVL); B-	
Tree.	
Graphs and their applications	(08)
Graphs; Linked Representation of Graphs; Graph Traversal and spanning forests; Depth	
first search; Breadth first search.	
Sorting & Searching	(10)
Insertion sort; Selection sort; Merging; Merge sort; Radix sort; Sequential & Binary	
Search; Indexed Search; Hashing schemes; Binary search Tree.	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Data Structure Using C and C++.	A. Tanenbaum, Y.	Prentice Hall
		Langsam, M. J.	of India.
		Augenstein.	
2	Theory and problems of Data	Seymour Lipschutz.	McGraw Hill.
	Structures.		
3	Data Structures & Program Design.	Robert L. Kruse.	Prentice Hall
			of India.

Course Code	IT302
Course Title	Data Structures (Practical)
Type of Course	Core
Credits	01
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50
Course Prerequisites	Object Oriented Programming using C++
Course Objectives	 To impart knowledge about developing recursive as well as non-recursive algorithms and to gain the knowledge of different data structures. To be able to Choose the appropriate data structure and algorithm design method for a specified application and to develop skills to design and analyze simple linear and non linear data structures, To strengthen the ability to identify and apply the suitable data structure for the given real world problem and to gain knowledge in practical applications of data structures.

SYLLABUS

List of Programs:

- **1. Implementation of Array Operation:** Traversal, Insertion & Deletion at and from a given location; Sparse Matrices; Multiplication, addition.
- **2. Stacks**: Implementation of Push, Pop; Conversion of Infix expression to Postfix, Evaluation of Postfix Expressions.
- 3. Queues: Adding, Deleting Elements; Circular Queue: Adding and Deleting elements.
- **4. Implementation of Linked Lists**: Inserting, deleting, inverting a linked list. Implementation of stacks and queues using linked lists; Polynomial addition, Polynomial multiplication.
- **5. Trees**: Implementation of Binary & Binary Search Trees, Recursive and Non-Recursive traversal of Tress.
- 6. Graphs: BFS & DFS
- 7. Implementation of sorting and searching algorithms.
- **8. Hash Tables Implementation:** Searching, inserting and deleting, searching & sorting techniques.

Course Code	IT303
Course Title	Digital Electronics (Theory)
Type of Course	Core
LTP	313
Credits	04
Total Lectures	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Basics of Electronics Communication
Course Objectives	The objective of this course is that students
	are able to understand, analyze and design
	combinational and sequential circuits by
	applying the concepts of digital electronics.
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students
	will be able to:
	1. Apply the concepts of digital
	electronics like Boolean algebra,
	Logic gates, K-Maps, Flip flops,
	Multiplexers; and be able to Convert
	among various Number systems.
	2. Analyze and design Combinational
	and Sequential circuits.
	3. Understand the concepts of Data
	converters; Memories and their
	types.
	4. Learn the characteristics of Digital
	Logic Families and be able to design
	various gates using them.

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
Introduction	(10)
Representation of Logic, Logic Variables, Boolean Algebra, Boolean Expressions and	
minimization of Boolean expression using K-Map, Review of Logic Gates & Flip-	
flops, design & Implementation of Adder, Subtractor, Multiplexer, DeMultiplexer,	
Encoder, Decoder, ROM, Digital Comparators, Code Converters	
Number Systems and Codes	(07)
Decimal, Binary, Hexadecimal, Octal's complement, 2's complement, addition and	, ,
subtraction, weighted binary codes, Error detecting codes, Error correcting codes,	
Alphanumeric codes.	
Counters & Shift Registers	(07)

Ripple Counters, Design of Modulo-N ripple counter, Up-Down counter, design of synchronous counters with and without lockout conditions, design of shift registers with shift-left, shift-right & parallel load facilities, Universal shift Registers.	
SECTION-B	
Data Converters	(07)
Sample & Hold switch, D/A converters: weighted type, R-2R Ladder type; A/D	
Converters: Counter-Ramp type, Dual Slope Type, Successive approximation type,	
flash type; Specifications of ADC & DAC	
Digital Logic families	(06)
Characteristics of digital circuits: fan in, fan-out, power dissipation, propagation delay,	
noise margin; Transistor-transistor Logic(TTL), TTL NAND Gate with active pull up,	
its input and output Characteristics, MOS and CMOS. Comparison of Characteristics	
of TTL, ECL, MOS & CMOS logic circuits	
Semiconductor Memories & Programmable Logic	(04)
ROM, PROM, EPROM, EEPROM; RAM: Static RAM, Memory Organization,	
Reading, & Writing Operation in RAM, PLA, PAL & FPGA.	
Synchronous sequential logic	(04)
Sequential circuits, State Reduction and Assignment, Design Procedure.	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Digital Electronics – An introduction	William H. Gothmann	Prentice Hall of
	to theory and practice, 2 nd Edition.		India
2	Modern Digital Electronics.	R.P.Jain	Tata McGraw-
			Hill
3	Digital Integrated Electronics.	Herbert Taub& Donald	Tata McGraw-
		Schilling	Hill
4	Integrated Electronics.	Millman&Halkias	Tata McGraw-
			Hill
5	Digital System Principles &	R J Tocci	Prentice Hall of
	Applications.		India
6	Digital Logic Design.	Morris Mano	Pearson
			Education

Course Code	IT303
Course Title	Digital Electronics (Practical)
Type of Course	Core
Credits	01
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University	00
Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	
Course Prerequisites	Basics of Electronics Communication
Course Objectives	The aim of this course is to provide an
	understanding of the fundamentals of digital
	logic design to the students through practical
	training. The student is given hands-on-
	experience on the usage of ICs and design of
	circuits using gates, flip-flops, multiplexers so as
	to enhance the theoretical study of the subject.

SYLLABUS

List of Experiments:

- To verify truth tables of various gates: AND, OR, NOR, NAND, NOT and XORusing their respective ICs.
- •To design and implement various gates using NAND as Universal Gate
- •To design and implement various gates using NOR as Universal Gate
- •To design and test the truth table of Half adder and Full adder.
- •To design and test the truth table of Half Subtractor and Full Subtractor
- •To design and test circuit which converts binary number to its gray code (and vice versa).
- To Verify the truth tables of various flip flops: RS, D, JK and T Flip Flops
- Design & implement circuits using Multiplexers.
- To verify the truth table of Multiplexers/ Demultiplexers using ICs.
- •To Design & implementation of Asynchronous counter.
- •To Design & implementation of synchronous counter.
- •To Design and implement shift register.
- •To design and implement circuit for given state diagram using various flip flops

Course Code	IT304	
Course Title	Computer Architecture & Organization	
	(Theory)	
Type of Course	Core	
LTP	310	
Credits	04	
Total Lectures	45	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50	
Course Prerequisites	Introduction to Information Technology,	
	Basics of Electronics Communication	
Course Objectives	 To understand instruction execution through instruction cycles, basic concept and implementation of interrupts, I/O control and data transfers, functioning of ALU and control unit. To understand instruction set design, pipelining, RISC architecture and superscalar architecture as well as different mechanisms used for read/write operations in the memory design. 	
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to: 1. Understand the basics of major components of a computer including CPU, memory, I/O, and parallel processing. 2. Analyze the concepts of I/O organization, CPU instruction set and addressing modes. 3. Understand the concepts of computer arithmetic & control design. 4. Analyze the design concepts of control unit, accumulator logic etc.	

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
Design Methodology	(04)
System design, Design levels- Gate level, Register level, Processor level.	
Basic Computer Organization & Design	(08)
Instruction codes, common bus system, computer instruction, Design of basic	
computer, Design of accumulator logic.	
Control Design	(08)
Basic concepts, Hardwired control, Micro programmed control, Design of control unit.	
Central Processing Unit	(08)
Introduction, General reg. Organization, Inst. Formats Addressing modes, Data transfer	
& manipulation, RISC & CISC Characteristics.	
SECTION-B	
Input-Output Organization	(06)
I/O interface, Modes of transfer, Priority interrupts, DMA, I/O processor.	
Memory Organization	(06)
Memory hierarchy, Main memory, Auxiliary memory, Associative memory. Cache	
memory, virtual memory, Memory management H/W.	
Parallel Processing	(05)
Introduction, Multiprocessors, Interconnection structure.	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Computer Architecture & Organization.	J.P Hayes	Tata McGraw Hill
2	Computer System Architecture.	Morris Mano	PHI
3	Advanced Computer Architecture.	Kai Hwang	Tata McGraw Hill
4	Computer Organization and. Architecture.	William Stallings	PHI

Course Code	IT305
Course Title	Cyber Laws & IPR (Theory)
Type of Course	Core
LT P	300
Credits	03
Course Assessment Methods	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Nil
Course Objectives	 To familiarize students with the dynamics of Cyber Law with a focus on new forms of cybercrime. To establish a basic knowledge on the technical side of Cyber Law. To give an update of recent Cyber Laws developments and case law make students conversant with the social and intellectual property issues emerging from 'Cyberspace. Explore the legal and policy developments in various countries to regulate Cyberspace. Develop the understanding of relationship between commerce and cyberspace; and give students in depth knowledge of Information Technology Act and legal frame work of Right to Privacy, Data Security and Data Protection.
Course Outcomes	 The students should be able to: Describe the need for cyber law. Get familiarize with the dynamics of Cyber Law with a focus on new forms of cybercrime. Get established a basic knowledge on the technical side of Cyber Law. Have an update of recent Cyber Laws.developments and case law. Get engaged with today's Cyber Laws reality and debates. Work on tools for further study of Cyber Law.

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
Basics of Computer & Internet Technology	(08)
Internet, ISP & domain name; Network Security; Encryption Techniques and	
Algorithms; Digital Signatures.	
Introduction to Cyber World	(03)
Introduction to Cyberspace and Cyber Law; Different Components of cyber Laws;	
Cyber Law and Netizens.	
E-Commerce	(08)
Introduction to E-Commerce; Different E-Commerce Models; E-Commerce Trends and	
Prospects; E-Commerce and Taxation; Legal Aspects of E-Commerce.	
SECTION-B	
Intellectual Property Rights	(11)
IPR, Copyright and Patents, International Treaties and Conventions, Business Software Patents, Domain Name Disputes and Resolution.	
IT Act, 2000	(11)
Reasons, Aims, Objectives and Applications, Regulators under IT Act, Role of	
Certifying Authority, Digital Signature Certificates, Duties of the Subscribers, Cyber	
Crimes-Offences and Contraventions, Grey Areas of IT Act.	
Project Work	(04)
Candidates will be required to work on a project. At the end of the course, students will	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	A Guide to Cyber Laws & IT Act 2000 with Rules & Notification	NandanKamath	Universal Law Publishing
2	Cyber Cops, Cyber Criminals & Internet	Keith Merill&Deepti Chopra	IK International
3	Handbook of Cyber Laws	Vakul Sharma	McMillian

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. (I.T.) FOURTH SEMESTER

COURSE INFORMATION SHEET

Course Code	HSS-401a	
Course Title	Economics (Theory)	
Type of Course	Elective	
LTP	300	
Credits	03	
Total Lectures	45	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50	
Course Prerequisites	Nil	
Course Objectives	 To make students understand how society manages its scarce resources for achieving maximum satisfaction. To make students learn about economic aspects related to a consumer, firm, market and economy. 	
Course Outcomes	 After completion of this course, the students will be able to: 1. Apply engineering knowledge to maximize profit, satisfaction and welfare. 2. Identify the forces that affect the economy. 3. Learn entrepreneurial skills and analyze the concepts of demand and supply. 4. Develop analytical skills in students to understand different markets. 	

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
Introduction to Economics	(06)
Nature of Economics, Economic Thoughts, Economic Activities, Relationship of	
Economics with other Social Sciences and Engineering	
Theory of Consumer Behaviour	(12)
Demand: Types, Law of Demand, Determinants of Demand and Change in Demand	
Elasticity of Demand: Nature, Degrees, Types, Measurement and Factors Affecting	
Elasticity of Demand and its Application	
Laws of Consumption: Concept and Applicability of Law of Diminishing Marginal	
Utility and Law of Equi-Marginal Utility	
Theory of Production and Cost	(06)
Cost: Types of Costs, Production: Law of Variable Proportion, Returns to Factor and	
Returns to Scale, Economies and Diseconomies of Scale	

SECTION-B	
Theory of Market Nature and Relevance of Perfect Competition, Monopoly and Monopolistic Competition.	(08)
Basic Concepts of Macro Economics National Income: Concept and Measurement, Determination of Equilibrium of Income	(09)
Inflation: Concept, Causes and Effect of Inflation, Measures to Control Inflation Project Presentations	(04)

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Modern Economics	H. L. Ahuja	S. Chand & Co. Ltd
2	Economics For Engineers	M.L. Gupta. & S.P. Gupta	ESS PEE
			Publications
3	Business Economics	H.L. Ahuja	S. Chand & Co. Ltd
4	Macro Economic Theory	M.L. Jhingan	Konark Publisher
			Pvt. Ltd
5	Principles of Microeconomics	J. Stiglitz& Carl E Walsh	W.W. Norton &
			Company
6	Principles of Economics	Mankiw N Gregory	Cengage Learning
7	Course in Micro Economics Theory	A. Kreps	Prentice Hall
8	Economics	Samuelson A. Paul	Tata McGraw Hill
		&Nordhaus D William	
9	Microeconomics	H. Gravelle& R. Reiss	Pearson Education
10	Macro Economics: Theory and	H. L. Ahuja	S. Chand & Co.
	Practice		Ltd.
11	Economics for engineers	T.R Jain, M.L Grover &	V.K Publications
		V.K Ohei	

Course Code	HSS-401b		
Course Title	Introduction to Psychology (Theory)		
Type of Course	Elective		
LTP	300		
Credits	03		
Total Lectures	45		
Course Assessment Methods:			
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50		
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50		
Course Prerequisites	Nil		
Course Objectives	1. To provide knowledge and		
	understanding about important concepts		
	in Psychology.		
	2. To make students learn the application of		
	principles of psychology in working life.		
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students		
	will be able to:		
	1. Learn the causes and dynamics of		
	human behavior.		
	2. Apply psychological principles to		
	enhance their personal and professional		
	life.		
	3. Develop leadership and managerial		
	qualities into the students.		
	4. Understand the importance of work life		
	balance and workplace spirituality.		

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paper.	
SECTION-A	Hours
Understanding Human Behaviour:	(05)
Definition, methods, branches and application of psychology for engineers	
Measuring Human abilities	(06)
Intelligence, theories and assessment	
The individual working life	(06)
Personality, approaches and trait theories	
Psychological problems of everyday life	(06)
Stress and coping	
SECTION-B	
Work and mental health, workplace spirituality	(05)

Motivation	(05)
the concept and theoretical framework, motivating people at work	
Group dynamics, Intergroup relations, conflict and negotiation	
Leadership and Management	(05)

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	G.E. Psychology 2007 Edition	Ciccarelli, S.K., & Meyer	Pearson
2	OrganisationalBehaviour 2010 Edition	M. Parikh & R. Gupta	Tata McGraw Hill Education
3	Introduction to Psychology 1986 Edition	C.T. Morgan, R.A. King, J.R.Weiss& J. Schopler	McGraw-Hill
4	Organizational Behavior 2003 Edition	S.P. Robbins	Prentice Hall of India
5	Organizational Behavior 2010 Edition	F. Luthans	McGraw Hill

Course Code	HSS-401c
Course Title	Sociology (Theory)
Type of Course	Elective
LTP	300
Credits	03
Total Lectures	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Nil
Course Objectives	1. To make the students understand the role
	of theory in social sciences.
	2. To explain students how social problems
	interact and react with the larger society.
	3. To make students learn whether the
	problem is evaluated on the macro or
	micro perspective and their cause and
	effect patterns.
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students
	will be able to:
	1. Identify the function and application of
	sociology theory in social sciences.
	2. Understand how social class affects
	individual life chances.
	3. Learn about social structure and how it
	shapes and influences social interactions.
	4. Appraise about social problems and how
	to deal with the same.

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SECTION-A		
Sociology – The Discipline	(03)	
Sociology as a Science, Impact of Industrial and French Revolution on the		
Emergence of Sociology, Relevance of Sociology for Engineering		
Basic Concepts	(04)	
Society, Association, Institution, Culture Relativism, Social Structure, Social System, Socialisation, Competition, Conflict, Accommodation, Social Mobility		
Pioneering Contributions to Sociology	(04)	
Seminal Views of Karl Marx, Emile Durkheim, Max Weber, AlwinToeffler		
Evolution of Society		

(05)
(04)
(04)
(05)
(07)
(04)

Primitive, Agrarian, Industrial and Post-Industrial, Features of Industrial and Post-

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Sociology	RanjayVardhan and s. Kapila	New Academic Publishing
2	Sociology: Themes and Perspective	M. Haralambos	Collins Educational Publications
3	Sociology of Indian Society	C.N. Rao Shankar	Sultan Chand and Co.
4	Introduction to Sociology	VidyaBhushan and D.R. Sachdeva	KitabMahal Publications
5	Sociological Thought	Francis Abraham and J.H. Morgan	Macmillan India Ltd.
6	Social Problems	EtzioniAmitai	Prentice Hall
7	Industrial Sociology	Scheneider	Tata McGraw Hill
8	Society in India	David Mandilbaum	Popular Publications
9	Sociology	L. Broom , P. Selznick and D. Dorrock	Harper International Publishing House

Course Code	HSS-401(d)		
Course Title	Russian Language		
Type of Course	Elective		
LTP	300		
Credits	3		
Course Assessment Methods			
End Semester Assessment (University	50		
Exam.)			
Continuous Assessment (Sessional,	50		
Assignments, Quiz)			
Course Prerequisites	Nil		
Course Objectives	The main objective of the course is to create and		
	develop the students' practical Russian language skills		
	(speaking, listening, reading and writing).		
Course Outcome	1. To be able to read Russian Language.		
	2. To be able to speak in Russian language.		
	3. To be able to write in Russian Language.		

SYLLABUS

Note: The Semester question paper of a subject be of 50 Marks having 7 questions of equal marks. First question, covering the whole syllabus and having questions of conceptual nature, be compulsory. Rest of the paper will be divided into two sections having three questions each and the candidate is required to attempt at least two questions from each section.

Section-A	Hours	
The Russian Alphabet, consonants, vowel, words, stress, sentence patterns.	(04)	
Grammar: Noun, gender, personal pronoun, the conjunction conjugation of verbs, number (singular-plural), possessive pronoun, adverbs, translation (Russian to English & vice-versa)		
Section-B		
Irregular plurals, Imperative mood, demonstrative pronoun, declaration of noun (nominative case, prepositioned case, the past tense, reflexive verbs, adjectives. Translation (Russian in to English & Vice-versa.)	(04)	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	"Russian"	Wagner (Part-A-Lesson 1 to n10 and Part-B Lesson 11 to 15)	

Course Code	MATHS-403	
Course Title	Discrete Structures (Theory)	
Type of Course	Core	
LT P	410	
Credits	04	
Total Lectures	45	
Course Assessment Methods		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50	
Course Prerequisites	Nil	
Course Objectives	 To get familiar and understand the fundamental notions in discrete mathematics. To introduce the knowledge of core mathematical foundation of computer science. Be exposed to concepts and properties of algebraic structures such as semi groups, monoids and groups. Be aware of the counting principles. To introduce the basic properties of graphs and trees and model simple applications. 	
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to: 1. Get familiar and understand the fundamental notions in discrete mathematics. 2. Acquire the knowledge of core mathematical foundation of computer science. 3. Aware of the counting principles, basic properties of graph, trees and model simple applications. 4. Exposed to concepts and properties of algebraic structures such as semi groups, monoids and groups.	

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SECTION-A	Hours
Sets, Relations and Functions Definition of sets, product sets and partitions, Relations and digraphs, matrix of a relation, paths in relations and digraphs, equivalence relations and partitions, operations on relations, transitive closure and warshall's algorithm.(Scope as in Chapter 4, Sections 4.1 – 4.7 of Reference 2). Functions, One-to-one and onto functions, Special functions. The pigeon hole principle. Function composition and inverse functions (Scope as in Chapter 5, Sections 5.1 – 5.6 of Reference 1). Partially ordered sets; Extremal elements of Partially ordered sets, Lattices, Linearly ordered sets. (Scope as in Chapter 6, Sections 6.1 – 6.3 of Reference 1).	(14)
Fundamentals of Logic Basic connectives and truth tables, Logical equivalence, The laws of logic, Logical implication, Rules of Inference, Use of Quantifiers, Definitions and Proofs of Theorems (Scope as in Chapter 2, Sections 2.1 – 2.5 of Reference 1).	(08)
SECTION-B	
Principles of Counting Rule of Sum and Product, Permutations, Combinations, Combinations with repetition (Scope as in Chapter 1, Sections 1.1 – 1.4 of Reference 1). The principle of Inclusion and Exclusion, Generalizations, Derangements (Scope as in Chapter 8, Sections 8.1 – 8.3 of Reference 1). Generating Functions: Definitions and Examples: Calculation Techniques, Partitions of Integers, The exponential generating function, The summation operator (Scope as in Chapter 9, Sections 9.1 – 9.5 of Reference 1). Recurrence relations: The first order linear recurrence relation, The second order linear homogeneous recurrence relation with constant coefficients, The non homogeneous recurrence relation, The method of generating functions (Scope as in Chapter 10, Sections 10.1 – 10.4 of Reference 1).	(09)
Graph Theory Definitions and examples, Subgraphs, Complements and Graph Isomorphism, Vertex degree: Euler trails and circuits, Planar Graphs, Hamilton Paths and Cycles, Graph colouring and Chromatic polynomials (Scope as in Chapter 11, Sections 11.1 – 11.6 of Reference 1).	(05)
Groups Theory Definition and elementary properties of groups, subgroups, Homomorphism, Isomorphism and Cyclic groups, Cosets and Lagrange's Theorem (Scope as in Chapter 16, Sections 16.1 – 16.3 of Reference 1). Introduction to Rings and Fields (definitions, examples and basic properties) (Scope as in Chapter 14, Sections 14.1-14.2 of Reference 1)	(09)

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics	Ralph P. Grimaldi	Pearson Education, 4 th Edition
2	Discrete Mathematical Structures	B. Kolman, R. C. Busby and S. C. Ross	Pearson Education, 5 th Edition
3	Elements of Discrete Mathematics	C.L.Liu, D P Mohapatra	Tata McGraw Hill
4	Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists and Mathematicians	J. L. Mott, A. Kandel, T. P. Baker.	Prentice-Hall of India, 2 nd Edition
5	Discrete Mathematics and applications	K.H.Rosen	Tata McGraw Hill
6	Discrete Mathematics	S. Lipschutz, M. Lipson	Schaum's Outlines, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2 nd Edition

Course Code	IT401
Course Title	Microprocessor & Assembly Language
	Programming (Theory)
Type of Course	Core
LT P	313
Credits	04
Total Lectures	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Digital Electronics, Computer Architecture
	and Organization
Course Objectives	To understand and apply the concepts of
	8085 Microprocessor so as to prepare the
	graduates to write assembly language
	programs for solving various problems.
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the
	students will be able to:
	1. Understand the architecture of 8085 and
	its interfacing with Memory and
	peripheral I/O devices.
	2. Apply the concepts of microprocessor to
	write assembly language programs using
	8085 programming instructions.
	3. Analyze the operation and time delays
	caused by loop counters.
	4. Understand and apply the concept of
	stacks, subroutine, interrupts and various
	Programmable Peripheral devices.

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours	
Microprocessor Architecture and Microcomputer Systems	(06)	
Microprocessor Architecture, The 8085 MPU: Block Diagram, Pin Diagram,	, ,	
Address/Data Buses, Concept of de-multiplexing of Buses, Control and status		
signals, Registers, Ports, Flags, Instruction Decoding and Execution, memory		
Interfacing		
Interfacing I/O Devices	(06)	
Basic Interfacing Concepts, Interfacing Output Displays, Interfacing Input Devices,		
Memory- Mapped I/O		

Programming the 8085	(07)
Introduction to 8085 Assembly Language Programming, The 8085 Programming	` ,
Model, Instruction Classification, Instruction Format. Data Transfer (Copy)	
Operations, Arithmetic Operations, Logic Operations, Branch Operations, Writing	
Assembly Language Programs.	
Programming Techniques with Additional Instructions	(06)
Programming Techniques Looping, Counting and Indexing, Additional Data	
Transfer and 16-Bit Arithmetic Instructions, Arithmetic Operations Related to	
Memory, Logic Operations.	
SECTION-B	
	(0.6)
Counters and Time Delays	(06)
Counters and Time Delays, Hexadecimal Counter, Modulo Ten, Counter,	
Generating Pulse Waveforms, Debugging Counter and Time-Delay Programs.	(04)
Stack and Subroutines	
Stack, Subroutine, Conditional Call and Return Instructions	
Interrupts	(03)
The 8085 Interrupt, 8085 Vectored interrupts.	
General –Purpose Programmable Peripheral Devices	(07)
Block Diagram, Working and Control word of: The 8255A Programmable	
Peripheral Interface, The 8259 A Programmable Interrupt Controller,	
Programmable communications interface 8251.	

S.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
No.			
1	Microprocessor Architecture,	Ramesh	PHI
	Programming and Applications with the 8085	S.Gaonkar	
2	Advanced Microprocessors & Interfacing	Badri Ram	Tata McGraw Hill
3	Microprocessor Principles and Applications	Charles M.Gilmore	Tata McGraw Hill
4	Microprocessors and Interfacing programming and Hardware	Douglas V. Hall	Tata McGraw Hill

Course Code	IT401
Course Title	Microprocessor & Assembly Language
	Programming (Practical)
Type of Course	Core
Credits	01
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50
Course Prerequisites	Digital Electronics, Computer Architecture
	and Organization
Course Objectives	To develop, key-in, test and troubleshoot the
	assembly language program and machine
	level program on 8085 kits.

SYLLABUS

- Familiarization of 8085 kits.
- Application of assembly language using 8085 instructions set to develop various programs.

Course Code	IT402
Course Title	Computer Networks (Theory)
Type of Course	Core
LTP	310
Credits	04
Total Lectures	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Introduction to Information Technology, Basics of Electronics Communication
Course Objectives	This course is to provide students with an overview of the concepts of data communication and computer networks. The main course objectives are: 1. Familiarize the student with the basic taxonomy, terminology and functioning of computer networks. 2. Building an understanding of various existing protocols for data communication in computer networks.
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to: 1. Understand basic concepts of computer network including various, reference models and protocols, propagation media 2. Apply the knowledge of different techniques of flow control and error control during data transmission and illustrate various protocols of data link layer and MAC sub-layer. 3. Learn the functioning of network and transport layer. 4. Analyze the functioning of application layer protocols.

SYLLABUS

puper.	
SECTION-A	Hours
Introduction	(08)
Basic concepts of computer networks,; Network Hardware: LAN, MAN, WAN,	
Wireless networks, Internet; Network Software: Layer, Protocols, interfaces and	
services; Reference Model: OSI/TCP/IP and their comparison.	

Physical Layer	(08)
Multiplexing, Line coding techniques, Transmission media: Magnetic, Twisted pair,	
coaxial cable, fiber optics, wireless transmission (radio, microwave, infrared, light	
wave). Switching: Circuit Switching & Packet Switching. Cellular radio and	
communication satellites.	
Data Link Layer	(09)
Framing, Error control: Error correction & Detection, sliding window protocols (one bit, Go back n, selective repeat), Medium Access Sub layer: Channel Allocation, MAC protocols -ALOHA, CSMA protocols, Collision free protocols, IEEE 802.3, 802.4, 802.5 standards and their comparison.	
502.5 standards and their comparison.	
SECTION-B	
Network Layer Design	(09)
issues, routing algorithms (shortest path, flooding, flow based, distance vector, hierarchical, broadcast, multicast).	
Congestion control algorithms (Leaky bucket, Token bucket, Choke, Packet, Load shedding), IPV4, IP addressing, IPV6.	
Transport Layer Addressing, establishing and releasing connection, flow control & buffering, multiplexing, crash recovery, Internet Transport protocol (TCP and UDP).	(06)
Application Layer Network Security; Domain Name System; Simple Network Management Protocol; Electronic Mail.	(05)

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Computer Networks, 4 th Edition	Andrew S. Tanenbaum	Prentice Hall of India
2	Data and Computer Communications	William Stallings	Prentice Hall of India
3	Data Communication and Networking	Behrouz A Forouzan	Tata McGraw Hill
4	Design & Analysis of Computer Communication Networks	Vijay Ahuja	McGraw Hill
5	Data Communications and Networks	Douglas E. Coomer	Prentice Hall of India

Course Code	IT403	
Course Title	Operating System (Theory)	
Type of Course	Core	
LT P	313	
Credits	04	
Total Lectures	45	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50	
Course Prerequisites	Introduction to Information Technology	
Course Objectives	 To study and understand main components of operating system, their working, and operations performed by operating system. To provide students knowledge on: resource management provided by operating systems, concepts and theories of operating systems, implementation issues of operating systems. To be able to understand description of multiprocessor and distributed operating system and compare their features. 	
Course Outcomes	 After completion of this course, the students will be able to: Understand the design of operating systems and its services. Learn the concepts of process management by understanding scheduling and synchronization Illustrate different approaches to memory management and the concept of data input/output, file management and learn how to use the disc space efficiently for data storage. Analyze the services provided by distributed operating system and compare various Operating systems like UNIX,WINDOWS, and SOLARIS etc. 	

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
Basic Functions and Concepts of Operating Systems	
Concept of an operating systems, batch system, Multi-programmed, Time sharing,	

Personal Computer System, Parallel system, Real time system, General system Architecture.	
Features and Objectives of Operating Systems System components, operating system services, System calls, System Programs,	(11)
System Structure, System design and implementation. Concept of process, process states, process state transition, process control block, operations of processes, concurrent processes, deadlocks, scheduling algorithms, scheduling criteria, Process Synchronization.	
Memory Management Logical and physical address space, storage allocation and management techniques, swapping, concepts of multi programming, paging, segmentation, virtual storage management strategies, Demand Paging, Page Replacement Algorithms, and Thrashing.	(06)
SECTION-B	
Information Management File concept, Access method, Directory structure, Protection File system structure, Allocation methods, Free space management, Directory implementation, Disk structure, Disk Scheduling, Disk management, Swap space management.	(06)
Distributed-System Structures Network operating system, Distributed operating systems, Remote services, Robustness, Design Issues.	(06)
Distributed file systems and Distributed Coordination Naming and Transparency, Remote file Access, Stateful versus stateless service, File replication, Event ordering, Mutual Exclusion, Atomicity, Concurrency control, Deadlock Handling, Election Algorithms, Reaching Agreement.	(06)
Case Studies: Unix O.S. Architecture, Operating system services, user perspective, representation of files in Unix system processes and their structure, Input-output system, Memory management, Unix shell, history and evolution of Unix system.	(05)

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Operating Systems, 5 th Edition	Galvin &Silberschatz	Addison
			Wesley
			Publishing Ltd
2	An Introduction to Operating System,	Harvey M. Deitel	Narosa
	3 rd Edition		Publishing
			House
3	Operating Systems: Design and	Andrew S. Tanenbaum	PHI
	implementation, 3 rd Edition		
4	Operating system, 5 th Edition	Millan Milankovic	McGraw Hill

Course Code	IT403
Course Title	Operating System (Practical)
Type of Course	Core
Credits	01
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50
Course Prerequisites	Programming Fundamental. Object Oriented
	Programming using C++
Course Objectives	 To teach students about various operating systems including Windows, and UNIX. To be able to students learn about systems configuration and administration. Students learn, explore and practice technologies related to UNIX.

SYLLABUS

List of Practicals:

- 1. Implement various CPU scheduling algorithms.
- 2. Write program to implement banker's algorithm for deadlock prevention.
- 3. Write programs to implement Page replacement algorithms.
- 4. Write an algorithm and program to implement Disc scheduling.
- 5. Installation of the Linux operating system
- 6. Using basic commands-man, who, more, pipe, finger, cat, redirect, ls, cp, mv, rm.Working with directory and plain files-pwd, cd, mkdir, rmdir, lp, wc, date, cal, sort, diff, uniq and grep commands.
- 7. Using miscellaneous commands-head, tail, cut, copy, paste, spell, find and bc.
- 8. Working with shell scripts under Korn Shell and using shell variables, print, chmod and calendar commands.
- 9. Using quotes, relational operators, command substitution, arithmetic functions, shell control statements such as for-in, if-then-elseif-else, while,case,date and script.
- 10. Working under the Bourne shell-shell scripts, control statements such as test, for, for in, if-then-else-fi, -if-then-elif-fi, while,until, case, relational operators and expressions.

Course Code	IT404
Course Title	Web and Open Source Technologies
	(Practical)
Type of Course	Core
LTP	003
Credits	01
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50
Course Prerequisites	Programming Fundamental, Object Oriented
-	Programming using C++
Course Objectives	To enable students to get practical knowledge
-	about various web and open source
	technologies like HTML, JavaScript, PHP,
	etc.

List of Practical

- 1. Introduction to HTML and its structure
- 2. To study various text formatting tags and attributes in HTML
- 3. To study various types of linking of documents in HTML
- 4. To study image maps in HTML
- 5. To study frames in HTML
- 6. To study various types of lists in HTML
- 7. To study table tag and its attributes in HTML
- 8. To study HTML Form element and its methods and attributes
- 9. Introduction about style sheets and its types along with implementation
- 10. To study dialog boxes in JavaScript
- 11. To study and implementation of cookies in JavaScript
- 12. Introduction to browser objects in JavaScript
- 13. Building of web forms using HTML elements, JavaScript and CSS
- 14. Introduction to PHP, its installation and configuration
- 15. To study data types, variables and operators in PHP
- 16. To study loops and control structures in PHP
- 17. To study arrays, its types and array sorting in PHP
- 18. To study file handling in PHP
- 19. To study working of cookies and sessions in PHP
- 20. To design and build web forms using HTML elements, JavaScript and CSS in PHP

Course Code	IT405
Course Title	Educational Tour
Type of Course	Core
LTP	0 0 0
Credits	Non- Credit
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00
Continuous Assessment	00
Course Prerequisites	Nil
Course Objectives	 To enable students to get insight regarding the internal working environment of a company and functionality of company. To provide students with an opportunity to learn practically through interaction, working methods and employment practices.
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to: 1. Motivate and help to take full advantage of all learning opportunities presented. 2. Bring a dimension to education, which cannot be gained in the classroom. 3. Make connections between the different aspects of their educational experience.

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. (I.T.) FIFTH SEMESTER

COURSE INFORMATION SHEET

Course Code	IT501
Course Title	Database Management Systems (Theory)
Type of Course	Core
LT P	313
Credits	04
Total Lectures	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Introduction to Information Technology
Course Objectives	 This course offers a good understanding of database systems concepts and prepares the student to be in a position to use and design databases for different applications. 1. The objective of this course is to provide students with the background to design manipulate and manage databases. 2. The students are exposed to the various forms, types and models of database systems to enable them to make suitable choices from alternatives. 3. The concepts of managing data are thoroughly examined and students are taught implementation using SQL and PL/SQL.
Course Outcomes	 After completion of this course, the students will be able to: Understand the basic concepts of a database management system and its components. Understand the relational data model, entity- relationship model and process of relational database design. Design entity-relationship diagrams to represent simple database application scenarios and apply the principles of good relational database design. Understand the concept of a transaction and different techniques for concurrency control. Construct simple and moderately advanced database queries using Structured Query Language (SQL) and Procedural SQL (PL/SQL).
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SYLLABUS

Note: The examiner shall set seven questions of 10 marks each. First question has to be compulsory, having parts covering the whole syllabus. Three questions have to be set from

Part A and three questions from Part B of the syllabus. Candidate is required to attempt at least two questions from each part. All the course outcomes must be covered by the question paper.

SECTION-A	Hours
Introduction to Database Systems	(06)
File Systems Versus a DBMS, Advantages of a DBMS, Describing and Storing Data in a DBMS, Database System Architecture, DBMS Layers, Data independence	(/
Physical Data Organization File Organization and Indexing, Index Data Structures, Hashing, B-trees, Clustered Index, Sparse Index, Dense Index, Fixed length and Variable Length Records.	(07)
Data Models Relational Model, Network Model, Hierarchical Model, ER Model: Entities, Attributes and Entity Sets, Relationships and Relationship Sets, Constraints, Weak Entities, Class Hierarchies, Aggregation, Conceptual Database Design with the ER Model, Comparison of Models.	(05)
The Relational Model Introduction to the Relational Model, ER to Relational Model Conversion, Integrity Constraints over Relations, Enforcing Integrity Constraints, Relational Algebra, Relational Calculus, Querying Relational Data.	(05)
SECTION-B	
SQL Basic SQL Query, Creating Table and Views, SQL as DML, DDL and DCL, SQL Algebraic Operations, Nested Queries, Aggregate Operations, Cursors, Dynamic SQL, Integrity Constraints in SQL, Triggers and Active Database, Relational Completeness, Basic Query Optimization Strategies, Algebraic Manipulation and Equivalences.	(07)
Database Design Design: Functional Dependencies, Reasoning about Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms, Schema Refinement, First, Second and Third Normal Forms, BCNF, Multivalued Dependency, Join Dependency, Fourth and Fifth Normal Forms, Domain Key Normal Forms, Decompositions.	(08)
Transaction Management ACID Properties, Serializability, Two-phase Commit Protocol, Concurrency Control, Lock Management, Lost Update Problem, Inconsistent Read Problem, Read-Write Locks, Deadlocks Handling, 2PL protocol.	(07)

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	An Introduction to Database Systems,	C.J. Date	Pearson
	8 th Edition		
2	Schaum's Outlines Fundamentals of	Toledo	Tata McGraw
	Relational Databases, 3 rd Edition		Hill
3	Database Management Systems, 2 nd	James Martin	PHI
	Edition		
4	Data Base Management Systems, 3 rd	Raghu Ramakrishnan and	McGraw Hill
	Edition	Johannes Gehrke	
5	Introduction to Data Base Systems, 3 rd	Bipin C Desai	Galgotia
	Edition		Publications

Course Code	IT501
Course Title	Database Management Systems (Practical)
Type of Course	Core
Credits	01
Course Assessment Methods: End Semester Assessment (University Exam.) Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	00 50
Course Prerequisites	Introduction to Information Technology
Course Objectives	 To use the Oracle and SQL database systems along with hands on experience on DDL, DML as well as DCL Commands. To make students able to implement nested queries and various functions based on programming assignments.

SYLLABUS

List of Practicals:

- 1. Introduction to SQL and installation of SQL Server / Oracle.
- 2. Data Types, Creating Tables, Retrieval of Rows using Select Statement, Conditional Retrieval of Rows, Alter and Drop Statements.
- 3. Working with Null Values, Matching a Pattern from a Table, Ordering the Result of a Query, Aggregate Functions, Grouping the Result of a Query, Update and Delete Statements. 4. Set Operators, Nested Queries, Joins, Sequences.
- 5. Views, Database Security and Privileges: Grant and Revoke Commands, Commit and Rollback Commands.
- 6. PL/SQL Architecture, Assignments and Expressions, Writing PL/SQL Code, Referencing Non-SQL parameters.
- 7. Stored Procedures and Exception Handling.
- 8. Triggers and Cursor Management in PL/SQL.

Course Code	IT502	
Course Title	Wireless Communication Technologies	
	(Theory)	
Type of Course	Core	
LT P	313	
Credits	04	
Total Lectures	45	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50	
Course Prerequisites	Basics of Electronics Communication	
Course Objectives	To understand the terminology, fundamental	
	concepts, issues and design approaches of	
	wireless communication systems.	
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students	
Course outcomes	will be able to:	
	1. Understand the basics of wireless	
	communication systems.	
	2. Analyze the design fundamentals of	
	wireless cellular systems.	
	3. Explain and experiment with the wireless	
	communication technologies and choose	
	propagation models.	
	4. Interpret the working of emerging	
	wireless systems.	

SYLLABUS

Note: The examiner shall set seven questions of equal marks. First question is compulsory and shall cover the whole syllabus by including questions of conceptual nature. Rest of the syllabus will be divided into A and B parts having three questions each. Candidate is required to attempt at least two questions from each part.

SECTION-A	Hours
Introduction to Wireless Communication	(6)
Wireless Communication-Features, Issues and Applications. Types of Wireless	
Communication Systems, Evolution of communication systems 1G, 2G, 2.5G, 3G, 4G,	
Comparison of common wireless communication systems.	
The Cellular Concept-System Design Fundamentals	(8)
Frequency reuse, Channel assignment strategies, Handoff strategies, Interference,	
Improving Coverage and Capacity in cellular systems: Cell splitting, Cell sectoring and	
Microcell zone concept.	
GSM and CDMA Wireless Cellular Systems	(08)
GSM-Architecture, Identifiers, Authentication and Security, Control Channels,	
Services. IS-95 Architecture, Forward and Reverse channels, Soft handoff, Near-Far	
Effect, Cell Breathing, Mobile data over CDMA, CDMA-2000, Comparison of CDMA	
and GSM.	

SECTION-B		
The Propagation Models	(09)	
Propagation criteria, Free space propagation model, Mobile point to point propagation		
model, Outdoor propagation path loss models, Indoor propagation path loss models,		
Signal attenuation due to Foliage, Long distance propagation.		
Wireless Technologies	(08)	
Bluetooth, WiFi networks and WLAN IEEE 802.11 standards, ZigBee Radios and		
IEEE 802.15.4, RFID systems and EPC Global UHF Class 1 Generation 2, WiMax,		
LTE, LTE-A.		
Emerging Wireless Systems	(06)	
Ad-hoc/Mesh wireless networks, Sensor networks, Ultra wideband systems, Distributed		
control networks, Cognitive radios, Biomedical networks and In-body networks,		
Internet of Things.		
-		

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
	Wireless Communications: Principles	Theodore S. Rappaport	Prentice Hall
1	and Practice, Latest Edition		India
	Wireless and Cellular Communication,	Sanjay Sharma	S. K. Kataria &
2	Latest Edition		Sons
	Wireless Communications, Latest	T. L. Singal	McGraw Hill
3	Edition	_	Education

Course Code	IT502	
Course Title	Wireless Communication Technologies	
	(Practical)	
Type of Course	Core	
Credits	01	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment (University	00	
Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment (Practical)		
Course Prerequisites Basics of Electronics Communication		
Course Objectives	To familiarize students with the Wireless	
	Communication Technology (Satellite,	
	Cellular and Bluetooth etc.)	
SYLLABUS		
Practical based on theory.		

Course Code	IT503	
Course Title	Network Security and Cryptography	
	(Theory)	
Type of Course	Core	
LTP	310	
Credits	04	
Total Lectures	45	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50	
Course Prerequisites	Computer Networks	
Course Objectives	1. To understand and apply the principles of	
	encryption algorithms, conventional and	
	public key cryptography.	
	2. To gain knowledge about authentication,	
	hash functions and application level	
	security mechanisms.	
	security internalishis.	
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students	
	will be able to:	
	1. Identify the security threats and apply	
	relevant cryptographic techniques on	
	data.	
	2. Compare the different techniques of	
	public key cryptography and key	
	exchange.	
	3. Apply the basic concepts of digital	
	signatures and hash algorithms.	
	4. Outline the basics of network and web	
	security services and mechanisms.	

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
Basic Encryption and Decryption Threats and Types of attacks, Challenges for Information Security, Classical Cryptographic Algorithms: Monoalphabetic Substitutions such as Caesar Cipher, Cryptanalysis of Monoalphabetic ciphers; Polyalphabetic Ciphers such as Vigenere, Vernam Cipher; Transposition Cipher.	(06)
Stream and Block Ciphers Rotor Based System and Shift Register Based System. Block cipher: principles, modes	(07)

of operations. Data Encryption Standard (DES), Analyzing and Strengthening of DES, Introduction to Advance Encryption Standard (AES)	
Number Theory and Basic Algebra	(04)
Modular Arithmetic, Euclidean algorithm, Random number generation	(04)
Key Management Protocols:	(05)
Solving Key Distribution Problem, Diffie-Hellman Algorithm, Key Exchange with	()
Public Key Cryptography.	
SECTION-B	
Public Key Encryption Systems	(06)
Concept and Characteristics of Public Key Encryption system, Rivets-Shamir-Adleman	, ,
(RSA) Encryption, Digital Signature Algorithms and authentication protocols, Digital	
Signature Standard (DSA).	
Hash Algorithms	(05)
Hash concept, description of Hash Algorithms, Message Digest Algorithms such as	` ′
MD4 and MD5, Secure Hash Algorithms such as SH1 and SHA2	
Network Security	(04)
Kerberos, IP security: Architecture, Authentication Header, Encapsulating Security	` ,
Payload	
Web Security	(04)
Web security consideration, Secure Socket Layer Protocol, Transport Layer Security,	. ,
Secure Electronic Transaction Protocol	
Firewalls	(04)
Firewall Design principles, Trusted Systems, Virtual Private Networks.	. ,

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Principles of Cryptography, 4 th Edition	William Stallings	Pearson
			Education
2	Security in Computing, 2 nd Edition	Charles P.Pfleeger	Prentice Hall
			International
3	Cryptography & Network Security, 2 nd	Atul Kahate	TMH
	Edition		
4	Applied Cryptography: Protocols,	Bruce Schneier	John Wiley
	Algorithms, and Source Code in C, 2 nd		and Sons
	Edition		
5	Firewalls and Internet Security, 2 nd	Bill Cheswick and Steve	Addison-
	Edition	Bellovin	Wesley
6	Security Technologies for the world	Rolf Oppliger	Artech House,
	wide web, 2nd Edition		Inc

Course Code	IT504
Course Title	Design and Analysis of Algorithms(Theory)
Type of Course	Core
LTP	313
Credits	04
Total Lectures	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Programming Fundamental, Data Structures
Course Objectives	The objective of this course is to familiarize with the algorithm analysis techniques and various strategies of algorithm design. The course covers asymptotic analysis and algorithm design strategies illustrated on different problem domains.
Course Outcomes	 After completion of this course, the students will be able to: 1. Analyze the asymptotic performance of algorithms. 2. Compare the performance of different algorithms in terms of time and space complexity. 3. Understand various algorithm design strategies and its application in problem solving. 4. Design efficient algorithms for the real world problems.

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
Analysis of algorithm	(09)
Role of Algorithms in Computing; Growth of functions: Asymptotic Notation, Standard	
notation, Performance measurements Introduction to Recurrences: substitution method,	
recursion-tree method, master method; Algorithms;	
Divide and Conquer Method	(07)
General Method, Binary Search, Matrix Multiplication, Merge Sort, Quick Sort and	
their performance analysis	

Greedy Approach Elements of Greedy strategy, Knapsack problem, Single source Shortest paths problem, Minimum Spanning tree problem and analysis of these problems.	
SECTION-B	
Dynamic Programming	(09)
General Method, Multistage Graph, All Pairs Shortest Path Algorithm, 0/1 Knapsack	
Problem, Traveling Salesman Problem	
Backtracking	(07)
The General Method, 8-Queens Problem- Sum of Subsets, Knapsack	
P and NP Problems	(06)
Polynomial time, Nondeterministic Algorithms and NP, Reducibility and NP	
completeness, NP complete Problems	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms	Ellis Horowitz, SartajSahni	Galgotia
2	Introduction to Algorithms	Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest	Prentice Hall
3	The Design and Analysis of Computer Algorithms	Aho A.V., Hopcroft J.E., Ullman J.D.	Pearson Education
4	Fundamentals of Algorithms	Gilles Brassard & Paul Bratley	Prentice Hall

Course Code	IT504	
Course Title	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	
	(Practical)	
Type of Course	Core	
Credits	01	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00	
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50	
Course Prerequisites	Programming Fundamental, Data Structures	
Course Objectives	 To understand and implement different algorithm design techniques. To design algorithms based on the strategies learned and apply the same to solve different problems. 	
SYLLABUS		
Practical based on theory		

Professional Elective-I

COURSE INFORMATION SHEET

Course Code	IT505a	
Course Title	Java programming/Technologies (Theory)	
Type of Course	Professional Elective-I	
LTP	403	
Credits	4	
Total Lectures	45	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50	
Course Prerequisites	Programming Fundamental, Object Oriented	
	Programming using C++	
Course Objectives Course Outcomes	The objective of the course is to learn the object oriented concepts from the perspective of Java programming language and UML so as to apply the same to solve various engineering problems. This course covers a practical approach to object-oriented analysis, design and programming using UML and Java.	
	After completion of the course, students will be able to 1. Learn the fundamental concepts of Java programming language such as encapsulation, inheritance, exception handling and multithreading. 2. Understand the Java I/O stream classes. 3. Design graphical user interface using standard java libraries for implementing event driven applications. 4. Examine the enterprise components including Enterprise JavaBeans (EJB) technology, servlets, and Java Server Pages (JSP) technology, JDBC.	

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
Java Methods, Classes and Inheritance	(8)
Introduction; classes; methods; constructors; overloading methods; arrays; recursion;	. ,
passing arrays and objects to methods; Inheritance; method overriding; abstract classes;	
using final; packages; interfaces.	
Exceptional Handling and Multithreaded Programming	(8)
Exception handling fundamentals; exception types; uncaught exceptions; try and catch;	
creating exception classes; throwing exceptions; Java thread model; thread priorities;	
creating a thread; interthread communication; thread synchronization; suspending,	
resuming and stopping threads.	
I/O, Applets and Graphics	(8)
I/O basics; stream classes; byte and character streams; reading and writing files; Applet	
fundamentals; Applet class; Applet initialization and termination; event handling;	
keyboard and mouse events; AWT class; Layout managers; panels; canvases; Frame	
windows; drawing lines, rectangles, ellipses.	
SECTION-B	
Overview of J2EE and working with JDBC	(7)
What is J2EE, component based architecture of J2EE: Web, Business and Application	
component, commonly used classes and interfaces of java.sql package, connecting java	
application to a database, prepared statements.	
Servlets and JSP	(7)
Java Servlets, compilation, deployment, and testing a servlet, session management,	
request dispatching, Java Server Pages, deploying and testing a JSP, using java beans in	
JSP.	
Enterprise Java Beans(EJB)	(7)
Architecture of EJB, creating a stateless-session EJB, statefull-session bean, Life Cycle	
of session beans, Entity beans, life cycle of entity beans.	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISH
			ER
1	Java: How to Program, 6 th Edition	Deitel and Deitel	Pearson Education
2	The Complete Reference Java2	Herbert Schildt	TMH
3	J2EE: The Complete Reference	James Edward Keogh, Jim Keogh	McGraw- Hill

Course Code	IT505a		
Course Title	Java Programming/Technologies		
	(Practical)		
Type of Course	Professional Elective-I		
Credits	01		
Course Assessment Methods:			
End Semester Assessment (University	00		
Exam.)	50		
Continuous Assessment (Practical)			
Course Prerequisites Object Oriented Programming using C+			
Course Objectives To be able to learn the concepts of			
	practical approaches to object-oriented		
	analysis, design and programming using		
	UML and Java.		
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SYLLABUS			
Practical based on theory.			

Course Code	IT505b
Course Title	Unix Networking Programming (Theory)
Type of Course	Professional Elective-I
LTP	403
Credits	4
Total Lectures	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Programming Fundamental, Object Oriented
	Programming using C++
Course Objectives	To teach the students how to write programs that communicates with other programs across a computer network. 1. The student shall be able to write their own network programs in UNIX. 2. To provide an opportunity to do network programming using TCP sockets. 3. To provide an opportunity to do network programming using UDP sockets. 4. To provide to do IPC programs. 5. know The importance of platform independent networks
Course Outcomes	 After completion of this course, the students will be able to: 1. Understand the variety of interfaces & frameworks for writing network applications. 2. Implement interfaces, streams sockets, and remote procedure call libraries. 3. Design and implement programs based on Client-server model. 4. understand concept of I/O Multiplexing, UDP Construct programs for client manage I/O stream & implement Unix socket system calls.

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
INTRODUCTION	(8)
TO NETWORK PROGRAMMING: OSI model, Unix standards, TCP and UDP,TCP	
connection establishment and termination, Buffer sizes and limitations, Standard Internet services, Protocol usage by common internet applications.	
	(7)
SOCKETS AND APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT Introduction To Socket Programming – System Calls – Address Conversion Functions –	(7)
OSIX- Signal Handling – Server With Multiple Clients – Boundary Conditions – Server Process (
Rashes Server Host Crashes, Server Crashes And Reboots, Server Shutdown – I/O, Multiplexing	1
 I/ Models -TCP Echo Client/Server with I/O Multiplexing. 	
SOCKET OPTIONS	(8)
socket Options – Getsockopt And Setsockopt Functions – Generic Socket Options –	
IP Socket Options ICMP Socket Options – TCP Socket Options – Multiplexing TCP And UDP	
Sockets – SCTP Sockets – CTP Client/Server – Streaming Example – Domain Name System –	
Gethostbyname, Gethostbyaddr, Getservbyname And Getservbyport Functions –	
Protocol Independent Functions In CP Client/Server Scenario.	
SECTION-B	
ADVANCED SOCKETS	(8)
IPv4 And IPv6 Interoperability – Threaded Servers – Thread Creation And Termination –	. ,
TCP Echo Server Using Threads – Mutex – Condition Variables – Raw Sockets – Raw	
Socket Creation - Raw Socket Output - Raw Socket Input - Ping Program - Traceroute	
Program.	
SIMPLE NETWORK MANAGEMENT	(8)
SNMP Network Management Concepts – SNMPv1 – Management Information – MIB	
Structure – Object Syntax – Standard MIB"S – MIB-II Groups – SNMPv1 Protocol And Practical Issues.	
SNMP V2, V3 AND RMO	(7)
Introduction To SNMPv2 – SMI For SNMPV2 – Protocol – SNMPv3 – Architecture And Applications – Security And Access Control Model – Overview Of RMON.	(1)

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	UNIX Network Programming, Sockets API, Volume I, 3rd Edition, PHI, 2010.	W.Richard Stevens,	PHI
2	SNMP, SNMPv2, SNMPv3 And RMON 1 And 2", Third Edition, Pearson Edition, 2009	William Stallings	PHI
3	UNIX Systems Programming using C++ 1st Edition, PHI, 2010	T. Chan	PHI

Course Code	ITE505b
Course Title	Unix Networking Programming (Practical)
Type of Course	Professional Elective -I
Credits	01
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50
Course Prerequisites	Programming Fundamental, Object Oriented
_	Programming using C++
Course Objectives To teach the students how to write pro	
	that communicates with other programs
	across a computer network.

SYLLABUS

Practical based on theory.

Course Code	IT505c	
Course Title	Python Programming	
Type of Course	Professional Elective-I	
LTP	403	
Credits	4	
Total Lectures	45	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment (University	50	
Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)		
Course Prerequisites	Programming Concepts.	
Course Objectives	The course is designed to provide Basic knowledge of Python	
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to: 1. Understand the basic features of Python. 2. Understand different data structures of Python. 3. Design programs using object oriented programming and file handling. 4. Learn the concept of exception handling and database connectivity.	

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
Introduction to Python Installation and Working with Python, Understanding Python variables, Python basic Operators, Understanding python blocks, Basic data types of Python, Conditional blocks using if, else and elif ,Simple for loops in python, For loop using ranges, string, list and dictionaries, Use of while loops in python, Loop manipulation using pass, continue, break and else.	(8)
Python Functions and Data Structures Function Specifications, Global Variables, Modules, Passing parameters to Functions, Recursive functions, System functions and Parameters, importing modules, Lambda function in python, Python String, List, Tuple, Set, And Dictionary Manipulations, Programming using string, list, tuple, set and dictionary in built functions	(9)
File Handling Opening a file, Understanding read functions: read(), readline() and readlines(), Understanding write functions: write() and writelines(), appending data to a file, closing files, Manipulating file pointer using seek, Programming using file operations.	(6)

SECTION-B	
Python Object Oriented Programming	
Oops Concept of class, object and instances, Constructor, class attributes and destructors, Method overloading in python, Operator overloading, Inheritance.	(8)
Python Regular Expression and Exception Handling Special symbols and characters for Regular expressions, Pattern matching and searching, Pattern searching using regex, Validation using regular expressions, What is exception, Handling an exception, tryexceptelse, try-finally clause, Argument of an exception, Python standard exception, Raising an exception, User-defined exceptions	(8)
Python Database Connectivity Introduction, SQL Database connection using python, Creating and searching tables, Reading and storing config information on database, Programming using database connections.	(6)

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1.	Core Python Applications Programming,	Wesley J Chun	Pearson
	Third Edition		Publication
2.	Beginning Python: Using Python 2.6 and	James Payne	Wrox Publication
	Python 3.1		
3	Core Python Programming	R. Nageswara Rao	Dreamtech
4	Core Python Programming	Wesley J Chun	Prentice Hall
5	Programming and Problem Solving with	Ashok Namdev Kamthane,	Mcgraw Hill
	Python	Amit Ashok Kamthane	Education

Course Code	IT505c	
Course Title	Python Programming (Practical)	
Type of Course	Professional Elective-I	
Credits	01	
Course Assessment Methods: End Semester Assessment (University Exam.) Continuous Assessment (Practical)	00 50	
Course Prerequisites	Programming Concepts.	
Course Objectives	 Understand and comprehend the basics of Python programming. Develop real-world applications using OOPs, files, exception handling and database connectivity provided by python. 	
SYLLABUS		
Practical based on theory		

Course Code	IT506	
Course Title	Industrial Training (After 4 th Semester)	
Type of Course	Core	
LT P	000	
Credits	2	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00	
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50	
Course Prerequisites	Nil	
Course Objectives	1. To enable students to integrate	
	theoretical knowledge with practical	
	implementation.	
	2. To introduce students to the work	
	culture of industry and provide	
	opportunity to get hands-on	
	experience to real world problems.	
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students	
	will be able to:	
	1. Analyze practical aspects of a problem	
	and formulate required specification.	
	2. Apply knowledge of recent	
	technologies to design and implement	
	solution for a real life problem.	
	3. Document and report the project	
	undertaken during training.	

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. (I.T.) SIXTH SEMESTER

COURSE INFORMATION SHEET

Course Code	IT601	
Course Title	Data Warehouse and Data Mining	
Type of Course	Core	
LT P	403	
Credits	4	
Total Lectures	45	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment	50	
(University Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment		
(Sessional)		
Course Prerequisites	Database Management Systems	
Course Objectives	The objective of the course is to build the foundations of data warehousing and data mining concepts and techniques so as to use this knowledge to solve simple problems. This course covers the methodologies, technologies, and algorithms of data mining and data warehousing from a variety of perspectives	
Course Outcomes	 After completion of this course, the students will be able to: Understand the basic concepts and architecture of a data warehouse. Analyze enterprise requirements and design schema for a data warehouse. Understand data and apply suitable data preprocessing techniques Design solutions using data mining functionalities for solving practical problems. 	

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A		
Introduction to Data Warehousing	(3)	
Data Warehousing Definition and characteristics, need for data warehousing, DBMS		
vs. data warehouse, OLAP.		
Data Warehousing Components		
Overall Architecture, Data Warehouse Database, Sourcing Acquisition, Cleanup and		
Transformation Tools, Metadata Access Tools, Data Marts, Data Warehouse		
Administration and Management, Information Delivery Systems.		
Mapping the Data Warehouse to a Multiprocessor Architecture		
Relational Database Technology for Data warehouse, Database Architectures for		
Parallel Processing, Parallel RDBMS features, Alternative Technologies, Parallel		
DBMS Vendors.		

Introduction to Data Mining	(8)
Functionalities, classification data mining systems, Multidimensional data model, data	
cubes, Schemas for multidimensional databases, OLAP operations, Data Marts,	
Metadata	
SECTION-B	
Data Preprocessing	(7)
Data cleaning, integration and transformation, Data reduction, Discretization and	
Concept Hierarchy Generation.	
ConceptDescription	(6)
Data Mining techniques-Concept description, attribute oriented induction, analytical	
characterization, mining class comparisons, mining descriptive statistical measures.	
Association Rule Mining	(8)
Mining single dimension rules from transactional databases, Apriori algorithm,	
efficiency, mining rules without candidate generation.	
Applications and Trends In Data Mining	(3)
Commercial Importance of DW, applications of data mining, data mining in	
business process, Embedded data mining.	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Data Mining –Concepts & Techniques	Jiawei Han & Micheline	Morgan
		Kamber	Kaugmann
			Publishers
2	Data Warehousing in the Real World	Sam Anahory & Dennis	Pearson Education
		Murray	
3	Data Mining	Pieter Adrians, Dolf	Addison Wesley,
		Zantinge.	2000.
4	Data Warehousing, Data Mining and OLTP	Alex Berson	McGraw Hill.

Course Code	IT601
Course Title	Data Warehouse and Data Mining (Practical)
Type of Course	Core
Credits	01
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50
Course Prerequisites	Database Management Systems
Course Objectives	The objective of the course is to build the foundations of data warehousing and data mining concepts and techniques so as to use this knowledge to solve simple problems.
SYLL	ABUS
Practical based on theory.	

Course Code	IT602	
Course Title	Agile Software Development (Theory)	
Type of Course	core	
LTP	403	
Credits	4	
Total Lectures	45	
Course Assessment Methods: End Semester Assessment (University Exam.) Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50 50	
Course Prerequisites	Introduction of Information Technology	
Course Objectives	 To understand the basic concepts of agile software process. To gain knowledge in the area of various Agile Methodologies. To know the principles of Agile Testing. 	
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to: 1. Define the practices and philosophies of Agile methods. 2. Analyze the tradeoffs in selecting a software engineering method. 3. Define and extend the usage of Scrum and extreme Programming in software product development. 4. Understand about various testing methods used in Agile.	

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A		
Overview of Agile Software development	(08)	
Introduction: What is Agile?, Goals/Manifesto and principles, Key Features,		
Challenges, Advantages and disadvantages, Agile usage, Agile Vs Traditional Software		
development (Waterfall), Agile Software Development lifecycle.		
Agile Design	(6)	
Agile Design Practices, Design smells and software rotting, SOLID Principles: SRP –		
The Single Responsibility Principle, OCP – the Open Closed Principle, LSP – The		
Liskov Substitution, DIP – The Dependency Inversion Principle, ISP – The Interface		
Segregation Principle.		
Agile Methodologies	(9)	
Scrum: Overview of scrum theory, Scrum Team, Scrum Roles, The Sprint, Sprint		
Planning, Daily Scrum, Sprint review, Sprint retrospective, Scrum artifacts, Product		
back log, sprint backlog, Progress Monitoring.		
Extreme Programming(XP): Overview of XP, Concept, Values, Rules, Princip		
Scalability, Practices, Issues.		

SECTION-B	
Agile Project Management	(10)
Overview of Agile project management, Agile project management model: Overview of	
agile enterprise framework and agile delivery framework, Scaling and governing agile	
projects. Tools for Agile project management	
Agile Testing	(12)
Introduction to agile testing, Principles for testers, Overview of organizational	
challenges, The Agile testing Quadrants, Test Automation, The Agile lifecycle and its	
impact on testing, Types of testing in agile : TDD, BDD, Acceptance tests Exploratory	
testing, Risk based testing, Regression tests, Unit testing, Integration testing, system	
testing, Tools to support the Agile Tester	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Agile Principles, Patterns, and	Martin C. Robert,	Prentice Hall, 2006
	Practices in C#	Martin Micah	
2	Agile Project Management:	Jim Highsmith	Addison-Wesley
	Creating Innovative Products, 2nd	_	Professional, 2010
	Edition		
3	Agile Testing: A Practical Guide	Janet Gregory, Lisa	Addison-Wesley .
	for Testers and Agile Teams	Crispin	

Course Code	IT602	
Course Title	Agile Software Development (Practical)	
Type of Course	Core	
Credits	01	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00	
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50	
Course Prerequisites	Introduction of Information Technology	
Course Objectives	To get exposure to various tools such as	
	AgileFant, JUnit.	
SYLLABUS		
Practical based on theory.		

Course Code	IT603
Course Title	Theory of Computation (Theory)
Type of Course	core
LTP	310
Credits	4
Total Lectures	45
Course Assessment Methods: End Semester Assessment (University Exam.) Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50 50
Course Prerequisites	Discrete Structures
Course Objectives	The objective of the course is to construct and prove the equivalence of languages described by finite state machines and regular expressions, pushdown automata and Turing machines.
Course Outcomes	 After completion of the course, students will be able to explain and interpret the fundamental, mathematical and computational principles laying the foundation of Computer science. define and apply methods for the equivalence of languages described by various types of automata and their equivalent recognizable languages. understand the key results in algorithmic complexity, computability and solvability of problems. design grammars and recognizers for different formal languages

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
Introduction to the Theory of Computation	
Basic concepts – Languages, Grammars, Automata, Strings, Alphabet, Chomsky	
Classification of Grammars and Languages.	
Finite Automata	
Finite automation model, Acceptance of strings and language, Deterministic Finite Automaton, Non Deterministic Finite Automaton (NDFA), Equivalence of NDFA and DFA, Conversion of NFA into DFA, Minimization of Number of States in Finite Automata, equivalence between two FSMs, Moore and Mealy machines. Conversion of Mealy to Moore machine, Conversion of Moore to Mealy machine.	(10)
Regular expressions and regular languages	
Regular Expressions, Identities for Regular Expressions, Finite Automata and Regular	
Expressions, Transition System Containing null moves, NDFAs with null moves and	

Regular Expressions, Eliminating epsilon-Transitions, Algebraic Method Using Arden's Theorem, Construction of Finite Automata Equivalent to a Regular Expression, Equivalence of Two Finite Automata, Equivalence of Two Regular Expressions, Closure Properties of Regular Languages under Simple Set Operations ((proofs omitted), Identifying Non regular Languages using Pumping Lemma.

SECTION-B

SECTION-B	
Context free grammar and Pushdown Automata	(10)
Context-free Languages and Derivation Trees, Ambiguity in Context-free Grammars,	1
Simplification of Context-free Grammars, Construction of Reduced Grammars, Elimination of	
Null Productions, Elimination of Unit Productions, Normal Forms for Context-free Grammars,	
Chomsky Normal Form, Greibach Normal Form, Pumping Lemma for Context-free	
Languages, Pushdown Automata - Basic Definitions, Acceptance by pushdown automata,	
Pushdown Automata and Context-free Languages, Parsing and pushdown automata, Top-down	
Parsing Using Deterministic pushdown automata, Bottom-up Parsing.	
Turing Machines Linear Bounded Automata	(11)
Turing Machine Model, Representation of Turing Machines, Language Acceptability by Turing	
Machines, Design of Turing Machines, Techniques for TM Construction -Turing Machine	
with Stationary Head, Storage in the State, Multiple Track Turing Machine, Subroutines,	
Variants of Turing Machines (proofs omitted) - Multi tape Turing Machines,	
Nondeterministic Turing Machines, The Model of Linear Bounded Automaton (LBA),	
Relation Between LBA and Context-sensitive Languages, Turing Machines and Type 0	
Grammars .	
Undecidability	(2)
Undecidability, Introduction to recursive & non-recursive enumerable languages, Universal	
Turing machine	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Theory of computation	Mishra &Chandrashekharan	PHI Learning Pvt.
			Ltd
2	Introduction to automata	Hopcroft H.E. & Ullman	Pearson/Addison
	theory, languages and		Wesley
	computation		
3	An introduction to	Peter linz	Jones & Bartlett
	formal languages and		Learning
	automata		
4	Introduction to	John C Martin	McGraw-Hill
	languages and the		
	theory of automata		
5	Elements of theory of	H.P. Lewis and C.H.	Prentice-Hall
	computation	papadimition	

Course Code	IT604	
Course Title	Artificial Intelligence (Theory)	
Type of Course	Core	
LTP	313	
Credits	04	
Total Lectures	45	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50	
Course Prerequisites	Data Structures, Discrete Structures	
Course Objectives	To introduce the essential principles, ideas	
	and techniques of Artificial Intelligence (AI),	
	so that it can be used to solve real world	
	problems.	
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students	
	will be able to:	
	1. Understand the various problem	
	solving techniques of Artificial	
	Intelligence.	
	2. Utilize knowledge representation	
	concepts for inference-based problem solving.	
	3. Understand various Planning	
	problems, algorithms and approaches.	
	4. Apply the knowledge base for	
	generating different applications for	
	intelligent decision making.	

SYLLABUS

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SECTION-A	Hours
Introduction	(06)
Artificial Intelligence and its applications, Artificial Intelligence Techniques, criteria of	
success, Intelligent Agents, Nature and structure of Agents, Learning Agents.	
Problem solving techniques	(09)
State space search, control strategies, heuristic search, problem characteristics,	
production system characteristics., Generate and test, Hill climbing, best first search,	
A* search, Constraint satisfaction problem, Mean-end analysis, Min-Max Search,	
Alpha-Beta Pruning, Additional refinements, Iterative Deepening.	
Knowledge representation	(08)
Mapping between facts and representations, Approaches to knowledge representation,	
procedural vs declarative knowledge, Forward vs. Backward reasoning, Matching,	
conflict resolution, Non-monotonic reasoning, Default reasoning, statistical reasoning,	
fuzzy logic Weak and Strong filler structures, semantic nets, frame, conceptual	

dependency, scripts.	
SECTION-B	
Planning	
The Planning problem, planning with state space search, partial order planning,	(06)
planning graphs, planning with propositional logic, Analysis of planning approaches,	
Hierarchical planning, conditional planning, Continuous and Multi Agent planning.	
Learning	(10)
Forms of Learning, inductive learning, Decision trees, Computational learning theory,	
Logical formulation, knowledge in learning, Explanation based and relevance based	
learning, statistical learning, Learning with complete data and hidden variables,	
instance based learning, Neural Networks.	
Introduction to Natural Language processing and Expert system	(06)
Basic Tasks of Natural Language processing, Expert systems, Expert system examples,	
Expert System Architectures, Rule base Expert systems, Non Monotonic Expert	
Systems, Decision tree base Expert Systems.	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	AI: A Modern Approach	Stuart J.Russel, Peter Norvig	Pearson Education, Latest Edition
2	Artificial Intelligence	Elaine Rich, Knight	McGraw Hill, 1993
3	Artificial Intelligence	Partick Henry Winston	Addison Wesley, Latest Edition
4	Artificial Intelligence	George Luger	Pearson Education, Latest Edition
5	Introduction to AI and Expert Systems	DAN, W. Patterson	PHI, latest Edition
6	Principles of AI	A.J. Nillson	Narosa publications, latest Edition

Course Code	IT604	
Course Title	Artificial Intelligence(Practical)	
Type of Course	Core	
Credits	01	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00	
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50	
Course Prerequisites Data Structures, Discrete Structures		
Course Objectives	urse Objectives This course provides an introduction to the	
fundamentals of artificial intelligence. It contains		
	theory component about the concepts and principles that	
	underlie modern AI algorithms, and a practice	
	component to relate theoretical principles with practical	
implementation.		
SYLLABUS		
Practical based on theory.		

Professional Elective-II

COURSE INFORMATION SHEET

Course Code	IT605a	
Course Title	Advanced Computer Networks (Theory)	
Type of Course	Professional Elective-II	
LT P	400	
Credits	04	
Total Lectures	45	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50	
Course Prerequisites	Introduction to Information Technology, computer network.	
Course Objectives	The aim of the course is to provide students with an advanced & deep knowledge on relevant computer networking topics The main course objectives are: 1. Familiarize the student with the new advance topics of computer networks. 2. Give deep knowledge of various existing protocols for data communication in computer networks.	
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to: 1. Apply the basic knowledge of computer network topics to understand the advance about those topics 2. Understand new advance topics like resource Management and QoS etc. 3. Learn the functioning of network and transport layer in deep. 4. Understand the functioning of wireless network protocols and Security in depth.	

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
Introduction	(5)
Overview of computer networks, seven-layer architecture, TCP/IP suite of protocols, etc.	
Medium Access	(5)
MAC protocols for high-speed LANS, MANs, and wireless LANs. (For example, FDDI,	
DQDB, HIPPI, Gigabit Ethernet, Wireless ethernet, etc.)	

Internetworking and Routing Packet Switching, The Internetworking Problem, The IP/TCP split connections, Scaling IP, Routers: Forwarding and Routing, The IP forwarding path, Unicast Internet routing: Intra and Inter domain routing, Router Design and Implementation, Security problems with Internet Architecture, IPV6	(7)
Resource Management End-to-End Congestion Control, Router-Assisted Congestion Control: Active Queue Management, Fair Queuing and Variants, Modeling and Measurement: Packet Trains, TCP Congestion Control Impediments, Adaptive Network Applications.	(6)
SECTION-B	
Quality Of Service (QOS) Why QoS; Basic Models and Architecture, Mechanisms and Properties, Modeling and Measurement: Traffic Self-Similarity; Virus Propagation.	(4)
Group Communication Multicast Routing and Transport, IP Multicasting: Multicast routing protocols, address assignments, session discovery etc., Multicasting in mobile networks.	(5)
Transport Layer Protocol TCP protocol dynamics, TCP extensions for high-speed networks, transaction-oriented applications. Other new options in TCP.	(5)
Wireless Networks Wireless LAN architecture, Mobile IP, Broadcast file system, Agent technology, Satellite technology.	(3)
Security Network security at various layers. Secure-HTTP, SSL, ESP, Authentication header, Key distribution protocols. Digital signatures, digital certificates.	(5)

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Computer Networks, 4 th Edition	Andrew S. Tanenbaum	Prentice Hall
			of India
2	Data and Computer Communications	William Stallings	Prentice Hall of India
3	Data Communication and Networking	Behrouz A Forouzan	Tata McGraw Hill
4	Design & Analysis of Computer Communication Networks	Vijay Ahuja	McGraw Hill
5	Data Communications and Networks	Douglas E. Coomer	Prentice Hall of India

Course Code	IT605b
Course Title	Computer Graphics (Theory)
Type of Course	Professional Elective-II
LTP	400
Credits	04
Total Lectures	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Data Structures
Course Objectives Course Outcomes	The objective of the course is to build the foundation of digital image generation concepts and techniques so as to use this knowledge for building graphics applications. The course covers computer graphics hardware, software, outputs primitives and graphics processing algorithms. After completion of this course, the students will be able to: 1. Understand the principles of interactive graphics IO devices and study the applications of computer graphics. 2. Learn various graphics primitives and apply operations like transformations in 2D and 3D. 3. Analyze and implement the concepts of 2D viewing and clipping. 4. Design and implement algorithms for building computer graphics applications.

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
Overview of Graphics System Applications of computer graphics, Picture representation, color table ,Video Display Devices: Direct View Storage Tubes, Flat Panel Displays: Emissive andNonEmissiveDisplays; Plasma Panel, Thin Film Electroluminescent and Liquid CrystalDisplays, Color Display Techniques: Shadow Mask and Beam-penetration Methods, ThreeDimensional Viewing Devices, Raster Scan Systems, Random ScanSystems, Display Processor, Co-ordinate Representations, Screen Coordinates Input Devices.	(07)

Output primitives	(07)
Scan conversion, Frame buffer, Point and Lines, Line Drawing Algorithms: DDA	
Algorithm, Bresenham's Line Algorithm, Circle Generating Algorithm: Midpoint circle	
algorithm, Pixel Addressing and Object Geometry, Scan-Line Polygon Fill Algorithm,	
Inside-Outside Tests, Boundary-Fill Algorithm, Flood-Fill Algorithm, Antialiasing and	
Halftoning, Character Generation.	
The Direction of the Control of the	(00)
Two Dimensional Geometric Transformations and Viewing	(08)
Basic Transformations: Translation, Rotation ,Scaling, Reflection and Shear, Inverse	
transform, Composite Transformation Matrix, Viewing Pipeline, Window to Viewport	
Coordinate Transformation, Clipping Operations: Line, Polygon, Segments: creation	
and storage.	
SECTION-B	
	(09)
SECTION-B Three Dimensional Concepts, Transformations and Viewing Three Dimensional Display Methods, Three Dimensional Transformations;	(09)
Three Dimensional Concepts, Transformations and Viewing Three Dimensional Display Methods, Three Dimensional Transformations;	(09)
Three Dimensional Concepts, Transformations and Viewing	(09)
Three Dimensional Concepts, Transformations and Viewing Three Dimensional Display Methods, Three Dimensional Transformations; ThreeDimensional Viewing Pipeline; Viewing Coordinates; Specifying the View Plane,	(09)
Three Dimensional Concepts, Transformations and Viewing Three Dimensional Display Methods, Three Dimensional Transformations; ThreeDimensional Viewing Pipeline; Viewing Coordinates; Specifying the View Plane, Projections: Parallel Projections, Perspective Projections.	. ,
Three Dimensional Concepts, Transformations and Viewing Three Dimensional Display Methods, Three Dimensional Transformations; ThreeDimensional Viewing Pipeline; Viewing Coordinates; Specifying the View Plane, Projections: Parallel Projections, Perspective Projections. Splines and Curves	. ,
Three Dimensional Concepts, Transformations and Viewing Three Dimensional Display Methods, Three Dimensional Transformations; ThreeDimensional Viewing Pipeline; Viewing Coordinates; Specifying the View Plane, Projections: Parallel Projections, Perspective Projections. Splines and Curves Curved Lines and Surfaces, Spline Representations, Cubic Splines, Bezier Curves and	. ,
Three Dimensional Concepts, Transformations and Viewing Three Dimensional Display Methods, Three Dimensional Transformations; ThreeDimensional Viewing Pipeline; Viewing Coordinates; Specifying the View Plane, Projections: Parallel Projections, Perspective Projections. Splines and Curves Curved Lines and Surfaces, Spline Representations, Cubic Splines, Bezier Curves and theirproperties, B-Spline Curves.	(07)

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Computer Graphics C Version	Donald Hearn, M.P. Baker	Pearson
			Education
2	Principle of interactive Computer	Newman and Sproul	McGraw Hill
	Graphics, 2 nd Edition		
3	Graphics, A programming Approach,	Steven Harrington	Tata McGraw
	2 nd Edition		Hill
4	Mathematical Elemants of Computer	Rogar and Adams	McGraw Hill
	Graphics, 2 nd Edition		
5	Introduction to Computer Graphics, 1st	N.Krishnamurthy	Tata McGraw
	Edition		Hill

Course Code	IT605c	
Course Title	Advanced Cryptography	
Type of Course	Professional Elective-II	
LTP	400	
Credits	04	
Total Lectures	45	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50	
Course Prerequisites	Network Security and Cryptography	
Course Objectives	 To understand advanced features of Cryptography and Network Security. To be able to secure a message over in secure channel by various means. To learn about how to apply biometrics and steganography over data. To understand various protocols for network security to protect against the threats in the networks. 	
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to: 1. Apply cryptography for dataconfidentiality, integrity, authentication as well as for key distribution and e-mail security. 2. Analyze the working of various advanced security controls, techniques and standards to combat attacks on web, wired and wireless networks. 3. Describe the various access controlmodels applicable for information security. 4. Apply emerging topics such as Steganography, Biometrics for Information security.	

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
Number Theory and Public-Key Encryption Modular arithmetic, Multiplicative inverse modulo <i>n</i> , Euclid's algorithm to find the GCD, Extended Euclid algorithm, RSA algorithm – derivation of public/private keys and examples, Diffie-Hellman key exchange.	(07)
Key Distribution and Management Needham Schroeder protocol; Public-key certificates – steps to generate, contents of a certificate, certificate revocation, classes of certificates, secure communication using certificates; Key distribution (public keys and secret keys) using public-key authority Kerberos – protocol steps, advantages and weaknesses.	(05)
Biometrics Biometric systems – identification vs. verification, performance metrics, basic blocks of a biometric system, Comparison of biometric systems; Multi-biometric systems and different levels of fusion; Cancelable biometrics.	(04)
Steganography Steganography Models, types (secret key, public-key), LSB-based substitution, problem of collisions and solution; Information hiding in palette images, through quantization using predictive coding, Information hiding through automated generation of English texts using Context-free grammar (CFG)	(06)
SECTION-B	
Access Control Models Mandatory access control model – Multi-level security in databases, Biba integrity model, Bell LaPadula confidentiality model; Discretionary access control (DAC) – UNIX file permissions; weakness of DAC; Dynamic access control model – Chinese wall model: read and write rules; Role-based access control model (RBAC) and hierarchical RBAC.	(08)
Email and Web Security PGP for authentication, confidentiality and both; Use of Radix-64 format for PGP; PGP keys; S/MIME; DKIM standard, Cookies, Applets vs.ActiveX; Cross-site Scripting (XSS) attacks – persistent and nonpersistent, XSS attacks and solutions, Cross-site Request Forgery (XSRF) attacks and prevention strategies.	(08)
Email and Web Security PGP for authentication, confidentiality and both; Use of Radix-64 format for PGP; PGP keys; S/MIME; DKIM standard, Cookies, Applets vs.ActiveX; Cross-site Scripting (XSS) attacks – persistent and nonpersistent, XSS attacks and solutions, Cross-site Request Forgery (XSRF) attacks and prevention strategies.	(07)

NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
Principles of Cryptography, 4 th Edition	William Stallings	Pearson
		Education
Security in Computing, 2 nd Edition	Charles P.Pfleeger	Prentice Hall
		International
Cryptography & Network Security, 2 nd	Atul Kahate	TMH
Edition		
Applied Cryptography: Protocols,	Bruce Schneier	John Wiley
Algorithms, and Source Code in C, 2 nd		and Sons
Edition		
Firewalls and Internet Security, 2 nd	Bill Cheswick and Steve	Addison-
Edition	Bellovin	Wesley
Security Technologies for the world	Rolf Oppliger	Artech House,
wide web, 2nd Edition		Inc
	Principles of Cryptography, 4 th Edition Security in Computing, 2 nd Edition Cryptography & Network Security, 2 nd Edition Applied Cryptography: Protocols, Algorithms, and Source Code in C, 2 nd Edition Firewalls and Internet Security, 2 nd Edition Security Technologies for the world	Principles of Cryptography, 4 th Edition Security in Computing, 2 nd Edition Charles P.Pfleeger Cryptography & Network Security, 2 nd Edition Applied Cryptography: Protocols, Algorithms, and Source Code in C, 2 nd Edition Firewalls and Internet Security, 2 nd Bill Cheswick and Steve Edition Security Technologies for the world Rolf Oppliger

Course Code	IT605d	
Course Title	Software Engineering (Theory)	
Type of Course	Professional Elective -II	
LTP	400	
Credits	04	
Total Lectures	45	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50	
Course Prerequisites	Introduction to Information Technology	
Course Objectives	This course aims to give students a theoretical	
	foundation in software engineering. Students	
	will learn about the principles and methods of	
	software engineering, including current and	
	emerging software engineering practices and	
	support tools.	
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students	
	will be able to:	
	1. Understand the concept of process	
	models.	
	2. Analyze the project management and	
	specification concepts.	
	3. Understand the concept of software	
	designing and testing.	
	4. To gain the knowledge about the	
	metrics measurements and CASE	
	tools.	

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
Introduction	(05)
Introduction to Software Engineering, System Engineering Vs Software Engineering, Software Evolution, Software Characteristics, Cost of Software Production, Software	, ,
Components, Crisis – Problem and Causes, Challenges in Software Engineering.	
Software Process Model	(06)
SDLC, Waterfall Model, Incremental Model, Prototyping Model, Evolutionary Model,	
Spiral Model, Rapid Application Development Model, Formal Methods, Open Source	
Development, Object Oriented Life Cycle Model, Agile Methods.	
Project Management Concepts	(06)
Management Activities, Project Planning, Project Scheduling, Size Estimation – LOC,	
FP; Cost Estimation Models –COCOMO, COCOMO-II.	
Software Requirements Analysis and Specification Concepts	(05)
Requirement Engineering, Requirement Elicitation Techniques, Requirements	

Documentation, Characteristics and Organization of SRS, Analysis Principles, Analysis Modeling – Data Modeling, Functional Modeling and Behavioral Modeling; Structured vs. Object Oriented Analysis.	
SECTION-B	
Software Design and Coding Concepts	(06)
Design Principles, Data Design, Architectural design, Interface Design, Component	, ,
Level Design, Object Oriented Design Concepts, Cohesion and Coupling and their	
classification, top-down, bottom-up and middle-out design, Coding, Coding Standards,	
Coding Conventions, Programming Style.	
Testing	(05)
Verification and Validation, Testing Process, Design of Test Cases, Software Testing	
Strategies, Unit Testing, Integration Testing, Top Down and Bottom Up Integration	
Testing, Alpha & Beta Testing, System Testing and Debugging.	(0.6)
Technical Metrics for Software	(06)
Software Measurements: What and Why, A Framework for Technical Software	
Metrics, Metrics for the Analysis Model, Metrics for Design Model, Metrics for Source	
Code, Metrics for Testing, Metrics for Software Quality, Metrics for Maintenance.	
CASE (Computer Aided Software Engineering) and Introduction to UML	(06)
CASE and its Scope, Building blocks of CASE, CASE Tools, CASE Environment,	
UML Concepts, Use Case Diagrams, Sequence Diagrams, Collaboration Diagrams,	
Class Diagrams, State Transition Diagrams, Component and Deployment Diagrams.	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Software Engineering, 3 rd Edition	Ian Somerville	Pearson
			Education
2	S/W Engineering-A Practitioner's	Roger S. Pressman	McGRAW-
	Approach, 6 th Edition		HILL
3	Software Engineering: Theory and	S.L. Pfleeger, J.M. Atlee	Pearson
	Practice, Second Edition	-	Education
4	Software Engineering for Students,	Douglas Bell	Pearson
	Fourth Edition		Education
5	Software Engineering	Pankaj Jalote	Narosa
			Publisher
6	Software Engineering, Second Edition	K.K. Aggarwal, Yogesh	New Age
		Singh	International

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. (I.T.) SEVENTH SEMESTER

COURSE INFORMATION SHEET

Course Code	ITE741
Course Title	Digital Signal Processing (Theory)
Type of Course	Core
LTP	313
Credits	04
Total Lectures	45
Course Assessment Methods:	50
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	
Course Prerequisites	Basics of Electronics Communication, Digital Electronic, Wireless Communication Technologies.
Course Objectives (CO)	 To understand the analysis and manipulation of digital signals. To understand the operation of Digital Signal Processors To provide the student with the necessary background for taking advanced level courses in signal and image processing
Course Outcome	After completion of this course, the students will be able to: 1. Understand and learn the concept of Digital Signal Processing, types of digital signals/systems and their properties. 2. Analyze and implement Z-transform, Discrete Fourier Transform for Digital System Realization. 3. Learn the structures of digital filters and apply the same in designing them. 4. Understand the architecture and features of Digital Signal Processors

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
Introduction to Digital Signal Processing	(04)
Applications and advantages of DSP. Sampling theorem, concept of frequency in	
discrete time signals.	
Discrete Time Signals and Systems	(08)
Classification of signals, standard signals and classification of discrete time systems.	
Linear Time Invariant systems and their representation by difference equations and	
structures.	

Z- Transform	(04)
	(04)
Definition of direct, inverse z-transform and its properties. System functions of a LTI	
system. Inverse z-transform by power series expansion and partial fraction expansion.	
Frequency Analysis	(08)
Fourier series and transform of discrete time signals and properties (DTFT). Discrete	
Fourier Transform and its properties. Fast Fourier Transform algorithms, decimation in	
time and decimation in frequency algorithms (radix 2).	
	L
SECTION-B	
SECTION-B	
Realization of FIR & IIR Systems	(04)
Direct forms, cascade and parallel form IIR structures. Direct form, cascade and linear	, ,
phase FIR structures.	
Design of Digital Filters	(12)
Comparison of Analog and Digital filters, Comparison of IIR and FIR filters.FIR	` /
Filters and linear phase requirement. FIR filters design using the window technique.	
IIR Filters and their design using the impulse invariance technique and bilinear	
transformation. Finite word length effects.	
DSP Processors	(05)
Introduction to DSP Processors, architecture of TMS 320CXX and ADSP 21XX	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Digital Signal Processing: Principles, Algorithms and Applications, 3 rd	Proakis&Manolakis	Pearson
	Edition		
2	Digital Signal Processing	E C Ifeacher and B W Jervis	Prentice Hall
3	Digital Signal Processing, 1st Edition	S Salivaharan, A Vallavraj, C Granapriya	ТМН
4	Digital Signal Processing	Sanjay Sharma	S.K. Kataria& Sons

Course Code	ITE741	
Course Title	Digital Signal Processing (Practical)	
Type of Course	Core	
Credits	01	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment (University	00	
Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment (Practical)		
Course Prerequisites	Basics of Electronics Communication, Digital Electronic, Wireless Communication Technologies.	
Course Objectives	To develop skills for analyzing and synthesizing algorithms and systems that process discrete time signals, digital and analog filters with emphasis on realization and simulation in MATLAB.	
SYLLABUS Practical based on theory.		

ITE742	
Agile Software Development (Theory)	
Core	
403	
04	
45	
50	
50	
Software Engineering	
1. To understand the basic concepts of Agile	
Software process.	
2. To gain knowledge in the area of various	
Agile Methodologies.	
3. To know the principles of Agile Testing.	
After completion of this course, the students will	
be able to:	
1. Define the practices and philosophies of	
Agile methods.	
2. Analyze the tradeoffs in selecting a software engineering method.	
3. Define and extend the usage of Scrum and	
Extreme Programming in software	
product development.	
4. Understand about various testing methods	
used in Agile.	

SYLLABUS

Pakez.	
SECTION A	Hours
Overview of Agile Software development	(08)
Introduction: What is Agile?, Goals/Manifesto and principles, Key Features,	
Challenges, Advantages and disadvantages, Agile usage, Agile Vs Traditional	
Software development (Waterfall), Agile Software Development lifecycle.	
Agile Design	(06)
Agile Design Practices, Design smells and software rotting, SOLID Principles: SRP –	
The Single Responsibility Principle, OCP – the Open Closed Principle, LSP – The	
Liskov Substitution, DIP – The Dependency Inversion Principle, ISP – The Interface	
Segregation Principle.	
Agile Methodologies	(09)
Scrum: Overview of scrum theory, Scrum Team, Scrum Roles, The Sprint, Sprint	
Planning, Daily Scrum, Sprint review, Sprint retrospective, Scrum artifacts, Product	
back log, sprint backlog, Progress Monitoring.	
Extreme Programming(XP): Overview of XP, Concept, Values, Rules, Principles,	

Scalability, Practices, Issues.	
SECTION-B	
Agile Project Management	(10)
Overview of Agile project management, Agile project management model: Overview	
of agile enterprise framework and agile delivery framework, Scaling and governing	
agile projects. Tools for Agile project management	
Agile Testing	(12)
Introduction to agile testing, Principles for testers, Overview of organizational	
challenges, The Agile testing Quadrants, Test Automation, The Agile lifecycle and	
its impact on testing, Types of testing in agile: TDD, BDD, Acceptance tests	
Exploratory testing, Risk based testing, Regression tests, Unit testing, Integration	
testing, system testing, Tools to support the Agile Tester	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Agile Principles, Patterns, and Practices in C#	Martin C. Robert, Martin Micah	Prentice Hall, 2006
2	Agile Project Management: Creating Innovative Products, 2nd Edition	Jim Highsmith	Addison-Wesley Professional, 2010
3	Agile Testing: A Practical Guide for Testers and Agile Teams	Janet Gregory, Lisa Crispin	Addison-Wesley

Course Code	ITE742		
Course Title	Agile Software Development (Practical)		
Type of Course	Core		
Credits	01		
Course Assessment Methods:			
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00		
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50		
Course Prerequisites	Software Engineering		
Course Objectives	To get exposure to various tools such as		
	AgileFant, Jenkins, JUnit, ANT,		
	QAlibe/Cucumber.		
SYLLABUS			
Practical based on theory.			

Course Code	ITE746	
Course Title	Compiler Design (Theory)	
Type of Course	Core	
LT P	400	
Credits	04	
Total Lectures	45	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50	
Course Prerequisites	Computer Architecture and Organization,	
	Theory of Computation.	
Course Objectives	To provide the in-depth knowledge of	
	different concepts and principles involved in	
	compiler design.	
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students	
	will be able to:	
	1. Understand the working of compliers	
	and translators.	
	2. Develop in-depth knowledge of	
	various phases of compilation.	
	3. Relate and analyze the concepts	
	learned earlier like higher level	
	programming, assemblers, automata	
	theory and formal languages, data	
	structure and algorithms, operating	
	systems.	
	4. Apply the ideas, techniques, and	
	knowledge acquired for the purpose of	
	designing a compiler.	

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
Introduction	(05)
Compilers and Translators; The phases of the compiler – Lexical Analysis, Syntax	, ,
Analysis, Intermediate Code Generation, Optimization, Code generation, Bookkeeping,	
Error handling.	
Lexical Analysis	(05)
The role of the lexical analyzer, Tokens, Patterns, Lexemes, Input buffering,	
Specifications of a token, Recognition of a tokens, Finite automata: Regular	
expressions, NFA, DFA.Design of a lexical analyzer generator.	
Syntax Analysis	(12)
The role of a parser, Context free grammars, Writing a grammar, Top down Parsing:	
Recursive decent parser, Predictive parser, Bottom up Parsing: Handles, Viable	

prefixes, Operator precedence parsing, LR parsers: SLR, LALR, CLR. Parser generator (YACC). Error Recovery techniques for different parsers.	
(17ACC).Entor recovery techniques for unferent parsers.	
SECTION-B	
Syntax directed translation	(04)
Syntax directed definitions, Synthesized and inherited attributes, Construction of	
syntax trees.	
Run time environments	(06)
Source language issues (Activation trees, Control stack, scope of declaration, Binding	
of names), Storage organization (Subdivision of run-time memory, Activation records),	
Storage allocation strategies, Symbol tables: storage, data structures used.	
Intermediate code generation	(03)
Intermediate languages, Graphical representation, Three-address code, Implementation	
of three address statements (Quadruples, Triples, Indirect triples).	
Code optimization and code generation	(10)
Introduction, Basic blocks & flow graphs, DAG, principle sources of optimization:	
loop optimization, eliminating induction variable, eliminating common sub-expression,	
loop unrolling, loop jamming etc., Issues in the design of code generator, a simple code	
generator, Register allocation & assignment, Peephole optimization.	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Compilers: Principles, Techniques	Aho, Sethi and Ullman	Pearson
	and Tools		Education
2	Principles of Compiler Design	Aho, Ullman	Narosa
			Publication
3	Compiler Construction- Principles	Dhamdhere	Macmillan,
	and Practice		India
4	Compiler Design in C	Holub	PHI

Elective-II

COURSE INFORMATION SHEET

Course Code	ITE744
Course Title	Cloud Computing (Theory)
Type of Course	Elective-II
LTP	400
Credits	04
Total Lectures	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Operating System, Computer Networks
Course Objectives	 To understand the basics of Cloud Computing, different deployment models and service models of Cloud. To have an overview about the Public cloud and Private cloud, and the security issues related to Cloud computing.
Course Outcomes	 After completion of this course, the students will be able to: 1. Illustrate the concepts of Cloud Computing and the various deployment and service models. 2. Demonstrate the functioning of Private and Public Cloud. 3. Describe the security concerns of Cloud computing. 4. Understand the need of Cloud computing in industry domains, current challenges and future directions.

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A		
Overview of Cloud Computing	(04)	
Brief history and evolution - History of Cloud Computing, Evolution of Cloud		
Computing, Traditional vs. Cloud Computing. Why Cloud Computing, Cloud service		
models (IaaS, PaaS& SaaS). Cloud deployment models (Public, Private, Hybrid and		
Community Cloud), Benefits and Challenges of Cloud Computing.		
Understanding Virtualization	(04)	
Basics of virtualization, Virtualization technologies, Server virtualization, VM migration		
techniques, Role of virtualization in Cloud Computing.		
Working with Private Cloud		
Private Cloud Definition, Characteristics of Private Cloud, Private Cloud deployment		
models, Private Cloud Building blocks namely Physical Layer, Virtualization Layer,		

Cloud Management Layer, Challenges to private Cloud, Virtual Private Cloud.	
Implementing private cloud (one out of CloudStack, OpenStack, Eucalyptus, IBM or	
Microsoft).	
Working with Public Clouds	(08)
What is Public Cloud, Why Public Cloud, When to opt for Public Cloud, Public Cloud	
Service Models, and Public Cloud Players. Infrastructure as a Service Offerings (IaaS),	
PaaS offerings, Software as a Service Offering (SaaS). Implementing public	
cloud (one out of AWS, Windows Azure, IBM or Rackspace)	
•	
SECTION-B	
Overview of Cloud Security	(06)
Explain the security concerns in Traditional IT, Introduce challenges in Cloud	
Computing in terms of Application Security, Server Security, and Network Security.	
Security reference model, Abuse and Nefarious Use of Cloud Computing	
Overview of Multi-Cloud Management Systems & Business Cloud:	(10)
Explain concept of multi-cloud management, Challenges in managing heterogeneous	, ,
clouds, benefits and advantages of multi-cloud management systems. Cloud Computing	
in Business, Clouds focused on industry domains (Life Sciences and Social networking)	
Introduction of Business Intelligence on cloud and Big Data Analytics on Cloud	
Future directions in Cloud Computing	(04)
Future technology trends in Cloud Computing with a focus on Cloud service	` /
models, deployment models, cloud applications, and cloud security, Current issues in	
cloud computing leading to future research directions.	
1 0 6	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Cloud Computing: Principles and	RajkumarBuyys, James	Wiley, 2011
	Paradigms	Broberg, Andrzej	
		Goscinski (Editors)	
2	Cloud Computing	Michael Miller	Pearson
			Education
			2009
3	Cloud Computing for dummies,	Judith Hurwitz, Robin	Wiley, 2009
		Bllor, Marcia Kaufman,	
		Fern Halper	
4	Cloud Computing: A Practical	Anthony T. Velte, Toby J.	McGraw Hill,
	Approach	Velte, and Robert	
		Elsenpeter	2010.
5	Handbook of Cloud Computing	BorkoFurht, Armando	Springer,
		Escalante	2010

Course Code	ITE745	
Course Title	Artificial Intelligence (Theory)	
Type of Course	Elective-II	
LTP	400	
Credits	04	
Total Lectures	45	
Course Assessment Methods: End Semester Assessment (University Exam.) Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50 50	
Course Prerequisites	Data Structures, Discrete Structures	
Course Objectives	To introduce the essential principles, ideas and techniques of Artificial Intelligence (AI), so that it can be used to solve real world problems.	
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to: 1. Understand the various problem solving techniques of Artificial Intelligence. 2. Utilize knowledge representation concepts for Inference-based problem solving. 3. Understand various Planning problems algorithms and approaches. 4. Apply the knowledge base for generating different applications for intelligent decision making.	

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
Introduction	(06)
Artificial Intelligence and its applications, Artificial Intelligence Techniques, criteria of	
success, Intelligent Agents, Nature and structure of Agents, Learning Agents	
Problem solving techniques	(09)
State space search, control strategies, heuristic search, problem characteristics,	
production system characteristics., Generate and test, Hill climbing, best first search, A*	
search, Constraint satisfaction problem, Mean-end analysis, Min-Max Search, Alpha-	
Beta Pruning, Additional refinements, Iterative Deepening	
Knowledge representation	(08)
Mapping between facts and representations, Approaches to knowledge representation,	
procedural vs declarative knowledge, Forward vs. Backward reasoning, Matching,	
conflict resolution, Non-monotonic reasoning, Default reasoning, statistical reasoning,	
fuzzy logic Weak and Strong filler structures, semantic nets, frame, conceptual	

dependency, scripts.	
SECTION-B	
Planning	(06)
The Planning problem, planning with state space search, partial order planning, planning	
graphs, planning with propositional logic, Analysis of planning approaches, Hierarchical	
planning, conditional planning, Continuous and Multi Agent planning	
Learning	(10)
Forms of Learning, inductive learning, Decision trees, Computational learning theory,	
Logical formulation, knowledge in learning, Explanation based and relevance based	
learning, statistical learning, Learning with complete data and hidden variables, instance	
based learning, Neural Networks	
Introduction to Natural Language processing and Expert system	(06)
Basic Tasks of Natural Language processing, Expert systems, Expert system examples,	
Expert System Architectures, Rule base Expert systems, Non Monotonic Expert	
Systems, Decision tree base Expert Systems.	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1.	AI: A Modern Approach	Stuart J.Russel, Peter Norvig	Pearson Education, Latest Edition
2.	Artificial Intelligence	Elaine Rich, Knight	McGraw Hill
3.	Artificial Intelligence	Partick Henry Winston	Addison Wesley, Latest Edition
4.	Artificial Intelligence	George Luger	Pearson Education, Latest Edition
5.	Introduction to AI and Expert Systems	DAN, W. Patterson	PHI, latest Edition
6.	Principles of AI	A.J. Nillson	Narosa publications, latest Edition

Course Code	ITE748	
Course Title	Principles of Telecommunication (Theory)	
Type of Course	Elective-II	
LT P	400	
Credits	04	
Total Lectures	45	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment (University	50	
Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)		
Course Prerequisites	Basics of Electronic Communication	
Course Objectives	To provide basic knowledge about the concepts of	
	various communication approaches.	
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be	
	able to:	
1. Understand and apply the concepts		
SignalTheory.		
	2. Learn the concepts of noise and its types.	
	3. Analyze the concepts of Information theory	
	and Coding.	
	4. Learn basics of Optical, Satellite and	
	Wireless Communication.	

SYLLABUS

Perfect	
SECTION-A	Hours
Introduction	(03)
The communication process, Block diagram of a general communication system.	
Probability and Random Signal Theory	(09)
Probability basics, Conditional Probability, Random Variables, Discrete Random	
Variables, Continuous Random Variables, Variance, Standard deviation, Moments,	
Binomial, and Gaussian distribution	
Noise	(08)
Sources of Noise, Shot Noise, resistor Noise, White Noise, Noise Temperature,	
Signal-to-Noise Ratio, Noise Figure.	
SECTION-B	
Information Theory	(10)
Unit of Information, Entropy, Rate of Information, Joint entropy and Conditional	
Entropy, Mutual Information, Channel Capacity, Shannon's Theorem	
Coding	(08)
Need for Coding, Coding Efficiency, Shannon Fano Coding, Huffman Coding	

Types of Communications	(07)
Basics of Fiber Optic Communication, Principles of Satellite communication,	
Fundamentals of Wireless communications	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Communication Systems: Analog and	R P Singh and S D Sapre	TMH, latest
	Digital		Edition
2	Principles of Communication Systems	H. Taub, D. L. Schilling, G.	McGraw Hill,
		Saha	2011
3	Communication Systems	S. Haykin	Wiley India
			Limited, 5th
			Edition
4	Fiber optic communication systems,2E	Govind P. Agrawal	Wiley India
5	Optical Fiber Communications	Gerd Keiser	McGraw Hill
	Designs,3rd Edition		
6	Satellite Communications	Dennis Roddy, John Coolen	Mc-Graw Hill
7	Wireless Communications Principles	Theodore S. Rappaport	Prentice Hall
	and practice, 2nd Edition		India

Course Code	ITE795
Course Title	Project-1
Type of Course	Core
LTP	004
Credits	02
Course Assessment Methods:	00
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	100
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	
Course Prerequisites	Nil
Course Objectives	 Students learning skills to tackle realistic problems as they would be solved in the real world. To work as team to deliver project that matches the required specification.
Course Outcomes	 After completion of this course, the students will be able to: 1. Analyze and apply skills, knowledge to solve real life problem. 2. Apply software development lifecycle to plan & manage the projects. 3. Document and report the project work, display effective team work capability.

Course Code	ITE796	
Course Title	Industrial Training (after 6th Semester)	
Type of Course	Core	
LTP	000	
Credits	01	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00	
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50	
Course Prerequisites	Nil	
Course Objectives	 To enable students to integrate theoretical knowledge with practical Implementation. To introduce students to the work culture of industry and provide opportunity to get hands-on experience to real world problems. 	
Course Outcomes	 After completion of this course, the students will be able to: 1. Analyze practical aspects of a problem and formulate required specification. 2. Apply knowledge of recent technologies to design and implement solution for a real life problem. 3. Document and report the project undertaken during training. 	

SYLLABUS FOR B.E. (I.T.) EIGHTH SEMESTER

COURSE INFORMATION SHEET

Course Code	ITE841
Course Title	Digital Image Processing (Theory)
Type of Course	Core
LTP	313
Credits	04
Total Lectures	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Computer Graphics, Digital Signal Processing
Course Objectives	 To understand the significance and applications of digital image processing. To learn and apply various image processing techniques and algorithms.
Course Outcomes	 After completion of this course, the students will be able to: Understand and learn the fundamentals of image processing. Apply various image enhancement techniques, filters and image restoration approaches. Analyze basic image processing functions that can help in identifying boundaries, edges and objects/regions in a given digital image. Learn various pattern recognition algorithms and apply the same to realize image processing applications

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	
Introduction to Image Processing	
Digital Image representation, Sampling & Quantization, Steps in image Processing,	
Image acquisition, color image representation, color models.	
Image Transformation and Filtering	
Intensity transform functions, histogram processing, Spatial filtering, Fourier	
transforms and its properties, frequency domain filters, Pseudo coloring, color	

transforms, Basics of Wavelet Transforms.	
Image Restoration	(6)
Image degradation and restoration process, Noise Models, Noise Filters, degradation	
function, Inverse Filtering, Homomorphic Filtering.	
SECTION-B	
Image Compression	(6)
Coding redundancy, Interpixel redundancy, Psycho-visual redundancy, Huffman	
Coding, Arithmetic coding, Lossy compression techniques, JPEG Compression	
Image Segmentation & Representation	(12)
Point, Line and Edge Detection, Thresholding, Edge and Boundary linking, Hough	
transforms, Region Based Segmentation, Boundary representation, Boundary	
Descriptors, Regional Descriptors	
Object Recognition	(2)
Patterns and Patterns classes, Recognition based on Decision Theoretic methods.	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Digital Image Processing	Gonzalez and Woods	Addison Wesley
2	Computer Vision - A First Gurse 2nd	Poyle and Thomas	Blackwell
	Edition	Boyle and Thomas	Science 1995
3	Introductory Techniques for 3-D	Trucco&Verri	Prentice Hall,
	Computer Vision	Trucco& verri	Latest Edition
4	Machine Vision	Jain, Kasturi and Schunk	McGraw-HiII.
5	Image -Processing, Analysis and	Carles Illavia Parila PWS	PWS
	Machine Vision 2nd edition	Sonka, Hlavac, Boyle	Publishing,

Course Code	ITE 841
Course Title Digital Image Processing (Practical)	
Type of Course Core	
Credits	01
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50
Course Prerequisites	Programming Fundamentals, Digital Signal
•	Processing
Course Objectives	To develop skills for analyzing and implementing various image processing
	algorithms and techniques, with emphasis on
	realization of these concepts using MATLAB.
SYLLABUS	

Practical should be covered based on the following directions:

- 1. Reading and displaying images in different formats using different color models.
- 2. Converting color images into monochrome images, Image color enhancements using
- 3. Pseudo coloring techniques.
- 4. Images enhancements using grey level transformations
- 5. Images enhancements in spatial domain
- 6. Images enhancements in frequency domain.
- 7. Image Noise removal and inverse filtering of images
- 8. Point, Line, Edge and Boundary Detections in images
- 9. Histogram Processing on images
- 10. Boundary Linking, Representation and Description techniques on images
- 11. Thresholding of Images.

Note: Students are required to complete any 10 practicals by implementing them in any of the programming language such as Java, C/C++, C#, MATLAB.

Course Code	ITE842
Course Title	Embedded System Design (Theory)
Type of Course	Core
LTP	313
Credits	04
Total Lectures	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Microprocessor & Assembly Language Programming, Computer Architecture & organization
Course Objectives	 To introduce the concepts of embedded systems, its hardware (micro-controllers) and software. To explain real time operating systems, inter-task communication and an exemplary case of RTOS.
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to: 1. Understand the concept and features of Microprocessors & Microcontrollers, Embedded & external memory devices, CISC & RISC processors, Harvard & Von Neumann Architectures. 2. Learn and understand the architecture, addressing modes, instructions interrupts, timers/counters, serial communication and applications of 8051 Microcontroller and apply and evaluate 8051 based solutions to real problems 3. Explain the features, architecture, memory organization, instructions, addressing Modes and applications of PIC 16C6X/7X Microcontroller. 4. Describe the evolution of architectures used for Embedded Software Development and apply to real-time

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
Introduction to Microcontrollers Comparison of Microprocessors and Microcontrollers. Embedded and external memory devices, CISC and RISC processors, Harvard and Von Neumann Architectures.	(04)
Overview of 8 bit Microcontrollers Overview of 8051, Architecture, addressing modes and instructions. Interrupts, Timer/ Counters, Serial Communication and applications. Interfacing Overview of Atmel 89C51 microcontroller.	
SECTION-B	
PIC Microcontrollers Introduction and features, PIC 16C6X/7X: Architecture, Registers, Reset actions, Memory Organization, Instructions, Addressing Modes, I/O Ports, Interrupts, Timers, ADC. Input Capture, Output Compare, Frequency Measurement, Serial I/O Device.	(12)
Software Development & Tools Embedded System Evolution Trends, Round Robin, Round Robin with Interrupts, Function Scheduling architecture, Real Time scheduling: their development, applications and examples.	
Real Time Operating Systems RTOS Architecture, Task and Task States, Tasks and Data, Semaphores and shared data, Operating System Services: message queues, timer function, events, memory management, interrupt Routines in an RTOS environment, Basic Design Using RTOS.	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	The 8051 Microcontroller and	Muhammed Ali Mazidi,	Pearson 2 nd
	Embedded Systems	Janice GillispieMazidi and	Edition
		Robin D. Mckinlay	
2	The 8051 Microcontroller:	Kenneth J. Ayala	Pearson 2 nd
	Architecture, Programming &		Edition
	Applications		
3	Microcontrollers (Theory and	Ajay Deshmukh	TMH
	Applications)		Publishers
4	An Embedded Software Primer	David E. Simon	Addison
			Wesley
5	Specification and Design of	D. D. Gajski, F. Vahid, S.	Prentice Hall
	Embedded Systems, Latest Edition	Narayan, J. Gong	

Course Code	ITE 842	
Course Title	Embedded System Design (Practical)	
Type of Course	Core	
Credits	01	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00	
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50	
Course Prerequisites	Microprocessor & Assembly Language	
	Programming	
Course Objectives	To design, implement, test and document the	
	microprocessor-based systems.	
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SYLLABUS		
Practical based on theory.		

Course Code	ITE843
Course Title	Java Technologies (Theory)
Type of Course	Core
LT P	403
Credits	4
Total Lectures	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Programming Fundamental, Object Oriented
	Programming using C++
Course Objectives	The objective of the course is to learn the object
	oriented concepts from the perspective of Java
	programming language and UML so as to apply the
	same to solve various engineering problems. This
	course covers a practical approach to object-oriented
	analysis, design and programming using UML and
	Java.
Course Outcomes	After completion of the course, students will be able
	<u>to</u>
	Learn the fundamental concepts of Java
	programming language such as
	encapsulation, inheritance, exception
	handling and multithreading.
	2. Understand the Java I/O stream classes.
	3. Design graphical user interface using
	standard java libraries for implementing
	event driven applications.
	4. Examine the enterprise components including
	Enterprise JavaBeans (EJB) technology,
	servlets, and Java Server Pages (JSP)
	technology, JDBC.

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
Java Methods, Classes and Inheritance	(8)
Introduction; classes; methods; constructors; overloading methods; arrays; recursion;	
passing arrays and objects to methods; Inheritance; method overriding; abstract classes;	
using final; packages; interfaces.	
Exceptional Handling and Multithreaded Programming	(8)
Exception handling fundamentals; exception types; uncaught exceptions; try and catch;	
creating exception classes; throwing exceptions; Java thread model; thread priorities;	
creating a thread; interthread communication; thread synchronization; suspending,	

resuming and stopping threads.	
I/O, Applets and Graphics I/O basics; stream classes; byte and character streams; reading and writing files; Applet fundamentals; Applet class; Applet initialization and termination; event handling; keyboard and mouse events; AWT class; Layout managers; panels; canvases; Frame windows; drawing lines, rectangles, ellipses.	(8)
SECTION-B	
Overview of J2EE and working with JDBC What is J2EE, component based architecture of J2EE: Web, Business and Application component, commonly used classes and interfaces of java.sql package, connecting java application to a database, prepared statements.	(7)
Servlets and JSP Java Servlets, compilation, deployment, and testing a servlet, session management, request dispatching, Java Server Pages, deploying and testing a JSP, using java beans in JSP.	(7)
Enterprise Java Beans(EJB) Architecture of EJB, creating a stateless-session EJB, statefull-session bean, Life Cycle of session beans, Entity beans, life cycle of entity beans.	(7)

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Java: How to Program, 6 th Edition	Deitel and Deitel	Pearson Education
2	The Complete Reference Java2	Herbert Schildt	TMH
3	J2EE: The Complete Reference	James Edward Keogh, Jim Keogh	McGraw-Hill

Course Code	ITE843		
Course Title	Java Technologies (Practical)		
Type of Course	Core		
Credits	01		
Course Assessment Methods:			
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00		
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50		
Course Prerequisites	Object Oriented Programming using C++		
Course Objectives	To be able to learn the concepts of object-oriented		
	analysis, design and programming using UML and		
	Java.		
SYLLABUS			
Practical based on theory.			

ELECTIVE-III

COURSE INFORMATION SHEET

Course Code	ITE844
Course Title	Theory of Computation (Theory)
Type of Course	Elective-III
LTP	310
Credits	04
Total Lectures	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Discrete Structures
Course Objectives	The objective of the course is to construct and prove the equivalence of languages described by finite state machines and regular expressions, pushdown automata and Turing machines.
Course Outcomes	 After completion of the course, students will be able to 1. Explain and interpret the fundamental, mathematical and computational principles laying the foundation of Computer science. 2. Define and apply methods for the equivalence of languages described by various types of automata and their equivalent recognizable languages. 3. Understand the key results in algorithmic complexity, omputability and solvability of problems. 4. Design grammars and recognizers for different formal languages

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
Introduction to the Theory of Computation	
Basic concepts - Languages, Grammars, Automata, Strings, Alphabet, Chomsky	(02)
Classification of Grammars and Languages.	

Finite Automata	
Finite Automata Finite automation model, Acceptance of strings and language, Deterministic Finite Automaton, Non Deterministic Finite Automaton (NDFA), Equivalence of NDFA and DFA, Conversion of NFA into DFA, Minimization of Number of States in Finite Automata, equivalence between two FSMs, Moore and Mealy machines. Conversion of Mealy to Moore machine, Conversion of Moore to Mealy machine.	(10)
Regular expressions and regular languages Regular Expressions, Identities for Regular Expressions, Finite Automata and Regular Expressions, Transition System Containing null moves, NDFAs with null moves and Regular Expressions, Eliminating epsilon-Transitions, Algebraic Method Using Arden's Theorem, Construction of Finite Automata Equivalent to a Regular Expression, Equivalence of Two Finite Automata, Equivalence of Two Regular Expressions, Closure Properties of Regular Languages under Simple Set Operations ((proofs omitted), Identifying Non regular Languages using Pumping Lemma.	(10)
SECTION-B	
Context-free Grammar and Pushdown Automata Context-free Languages and Derivation Trees, Ambiguity in Context-free Grammars, Simplification of Context-free Grammars, Construction of Reduced Grammars, Elimination of Null Productions, Elimination of Unit Productions, Normal Forms for Context-free Grammars, Chomsky Normal Form, Greibach Normal Form, Pumping Lemma for Context-free Languages, Pushdown Automata - Basic Definitions, Acceptance by pushdown automata, Pushdown Automata and Context-free Languages, Parsing and pushdown automata, Top-down Parsing Using Deterministic pushdown automata, Bottom-up Parsing	(10)
Turing Machines Linear Bounded Automata Turing Machine Model, Representation of Turing Machines, Language Acceptability by Turing Machines, Design of Turing Machines, Techniques for TM Construction - Turing Machine with Stationary Head, Storage in the State, Multiple Track Turing Machine, Subroutines, Variants of Turing Machines (proofs omitted) — Multi tape Turing Machines, Nondeterministic Turing Machines, The Model of Linear Bounded Automaton (LBA), Relation Between LBA and Context-sensitive Languages, Turing Machines and Type 0 Grammars.	(11)
Undecidability Undecidability, Introduction to recursive & non-recursive enumerable languages, Universal Turing machine.	(02)

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Theory of computation	Mishra &Chandrashekharan	PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd
2	Introduction to automata theory, languages and computation	Hopcroft H.E. & Ullman	Pearson/Addison Wesley
3	An introduction to formal languages and automata	Peter linz	Jones & Bartlett Learning
4	Introduction to languages and the theory of automata	John C Martin	McGraw-Hill
5	Elements of theory of computation	H.P. Lewis and C.H. papadimition	Prentice-Hall

Course Code	ITE845
Course Title	Soft Computing (Theory)
Type of Course	Elective-III
LTP	310
Credits	04
Total Lectures	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Discrete Structures
Course Objectives	To build the foundations of soft computing concepts and techniques so as to foster their abilities in designing and implementation of soft computing based solutions for real-world problems.
Course Outcomes	 After completion of this course, the students will be able to: Identify and describe soft computing techniques and their roles in building intelligent machines Design and apply neural networks to pattern classification and regression problems Model fuzzy logic and reasoning to handle uncertainty and solve engineering problems Implement genetic algorithms and hybrid systems for various optimization and real life problems

SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	Hours
Fundamentals of Artificial Neural Networks & Applications, Characteristics of ANNs	(15)
The Biological Prototype, Evolution of Neural Networks, Learning Methods	
McCulloch-Pitts Neuron, Hebb Network, Perceptron Networks, Adaline and Madaline,	
Multilayer Neural Networks, Backpropagation Network, Associative Memory	
Networks, BAM, Hopfield Networks, Kohonen Self Organizing Feature Maps	
Introduction to Fuzzy Logic, Classical Vs Fuzzy sets, Membership Funstions,	(8)
Defuzzification, Fuzzy model, Fuzzy Rule Base, Fuzzy inference systems, Fuzzy	
Expert System.	

SECTION-B	
Fuzzy Arithmetic: Fuzzy Numbers, Linguistic Variables, Arithmetic Operations on Intervals, Arithmetic Operations on Fuzzy Numbers, Fuzzy Equation Fuzzy Logic: Classical Logic, Multivalued Logic, Fuzzy Propositions, Fuzzy Quantifiers, Linguistic Hedges. Uncertainty Based Information: Information and Uncertainty, Nonspecificity of Crisp Sets, Nonspecificity of Fuzzy Sets, Fuzziness of Fuzzy Sets, applications of fuzzy logic: Medicine and Economics.	(12)
Introduction to Neuro Fuzzy Systems, Architecture of a Neuro Fuzzy system	(04)
Genetic Algorithm: An overview, Basic Terminologies in Genetic Algorithm, Operators in Genetic Algorithm, Problem solving using Genetic Algorithm, Implementation of GA and GP, Applications of GA & GP.	(06)

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	An Introduction to Neural Networks,	J.A.Anderson	MIT Press
2	Introduction to the Theory of Neural Computation	Hertz J. Krogh, R.G. Palmer,	Addison- Wesley
3	Fuzzy Sets & Fuzzy Logic	G.J. Klir & B. Yuan	Prentice Hall
4	An Introduction to Genetic Algorithm	Melanie Mitchell	MIT Press
5	Neural Networks-A Comprehensive Foundations	Simon S. Haykin	Prentice-Hall International
6	Neural Networks: Algorithms, Applications and Programming Techniques	J.A. Freeman & D.M. Skapura	Addison Wesley, Reading, Mass

Course Code	ITE 847	
Course Title	Natural Language Processing (Theory)	
Type of Course	Elective-III	
LTP	310	
Credits	04	
Total Lectures	45	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50	
Course Prerequisites	Discrete Structures	
Course Objectives Course Outcomes		
	4. Develop in-depth knowledge of language generation tasks.	

SYLLABUS

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SECTION-A	Hours
INTRODUCTION	
A computational framework for natural language, description of English or an	(08)
Indian language in the frame work, lexicon, algorithms and data structures for	
implementation of the framework, Finite state automata, The different analysis	
levels used for NLP (morphological, syntactic, semantic, pragmatic and discourse).	
Applications like machine translations.	
WORD LEVEL AND SYNTACTIC ANALYSIS	
Word Level Analysis: Regular Expressions, Finite-State Automata, Morphological	
Parsing, Spelling Error Detection and correction, Words and Word classes, Part-of	
Speech Tagging. Syntactic Analysis: Context-free Grammar, Constituency,	

Parsing-Probabilistic Parsing. Machine-readable dictionaries and lexical databases,		
RTN, ATN.		
SEMANTIC ANALYSIS		
Semantic Analysis: Meaning Representation, Lexical Semantics, Ambiguity, Word	(10)	
Sense Disambiguation. Discourse Processing: cohesion, Reference Resolution,		
Discourse Coherence and Structure. Knowledge Representation, reasoning.		
SECTION-B		
NATURAL LANGUAGE GENERATION	(10)	
Natural Language Generation (NLG): Architecture of NLG Systems, Generation		
Tasks and Representations, Application of NLG. Machine Translation: Problems in		
Machine Translation, Characteristics of Indian Languages, Machine Translation		
Approaches, Translation involving Indian Languages.		
INFORMATION RETRIEVAL AND LEXICAL RESOURCES		
Information Retrieval: Design features of Information Retrieval Systems,		
Classical, Nonclassical, Alternative Models of Information Retrieval, valuation		

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Natural Language Understanding	James Allen	Pearson Education
2	NLP: A Paninian Perspective	AksharBharati, Vineet Chaitanya, and Rajeev Sangal	Prentice Hall
3	Meaning and Grammar	G. Chirchia and S. McConnell Ginet	MIT Press
4	An Introduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics, and Speech Recognition	Daniel Jurafsky and James H. Martin	Pearson Education
5	Natural language processing in Prolog	Gazdar, &Mellish	Addison-Wesley

Course Code	ITE897
Course Title	Seminar
Type of Course	Core
LTP	002
Credits	01
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50
Course Prerequisites	Nil
Course Objectives	 Investigate some of the current scientific issues facing society. Students will examine and develop self-management skills necessary for academic success.
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to: 1. Understand current technology topics being studied. 2. Extend a greater amount of interaction between teacher and students.

Course Code	ITE898	
Course Title	Project-II	
Type of Course	Core	
LTP	0 0 4	
Credits	02	
Course Assessment Methods:		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00	
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	100	
Course Prerequisites	Nil	
Course Objectives	1.Students learning skills to tackle realistic problems as they would be solved in the real world.2.To work as team to deliver project that Matches the required specification.	
Course Outcomes	 After completion of this course, the students will be able to: 1. Analyze and apply skills, knowledge to solve real life problem. 2. Apply software development lifecycle to plan & manage the projects. 3. Document and report the project work, display effective team work capability. 	

Course Code	ITE899	
Course Title	Industrial Training	
Type of Course	Core	
Duration	6 months	
Credits	22	
Course Assessment Methods:		
Marks	400	
Internal Assessment	300	
Course Prerequisites	Nil	
Course Objectives	1. To enable students to integrate	
	theoretical knowledge with practical	
	implementation.	
	2. To introduce students to the work	
	culture of industry and provide	
	opportunity to get hands-on	
	experience to real world problems.	
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students	
	will be able to:	
	1. Analyze practical aspects of a problem	
	and formulate required specification.	
	2. Apply knowledge of recent	
	technologies to design and implement	
	solution for a real life problem.	
	3. Document and report the project	
	undertaken during training.	

