Exam. Code: 0916 Sub. Code: 33417

2055

B.E. (Computer Science and Engineering) **Fourth Semester**

CS-404: Computer Networks

Time allowed: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

NOTE: Attempt five questions in all, including Question No. I which is compulsory and selecting two questions from each Part.

x-x-x

i) What is 100Base-TX?	(1)
ii) Briefly explain Dynamic alternate routing in circuit switched networks.	(1)
iii) Briefly explain the difference between Switch and Router	(1)
iv) Briefly explain the main difference between broadcasting and multicasting	(1)
v) what is CSMA/CA?	(1)
the maximum data rate supported by this line?	(1)
vii) What is DHCP?	(1)
originally, 20 bits had been used. How many class B networks would there have	(1)
[2] - C. M. S. M.	(1)
x) Briefly give the difference between open loop and closed loop congestion control techniques.	(1)
PART-A	
detail.	(5)
ulagrams.	(5)
a) What are Geostationary Earth Orbit (GEO) Satellites?	(5)
b) Explain main differences between OSI and TCP/IP reference models.	(5)
a) Explain Hamming error correction protocol of Data Link layer	(5)
b) Explain advantages, disadvantages and applications of Radio Waves in wireless transmission.	(5) (5)
PART -B	
a)	(5)
B 2 C	
4 3	
AN NO	
5 1/6 /2	
E B E	
12,6,0,9,10); and from E (7,6,3,9,0,4). The measured delays to B, D, and E are 6, 3, and 5 respectively. What is C's new routing table? Give both the outgoing line to use and the expected delay.	
b) Explain the working of Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP).	(5)
a) Explain the concept of Token bucket algorithm in detail.b) Explain frame format of UDP protocol.	(5) (5)
	(0)
a) Explain different benefits of IPv6 over IPv4.	(5)
	iii) Briefly explain the difference between Switch and Router. iv) Briefly explain the main difference between broadcasting and multicasting. v) What is CSMA/CA? vi) A line has a signal to noise ratio of 1000 and bandwidth of 4000 KHz. What is the maximum data rate supported by this line? vii) What is DHCP? viii) What is DHCP? viii) Suppose that instead of using 16 bits for the network part of class B address originally, 20 bits had been used. How many class B networks would there have been? ix) Briefly explain the purpose of DNS (Domain Name System). x) Briefly give the difference between open loop and closed loop congestion control techniques. PART-A a) Explain the differences between IEEE 802.4 and IEEE 802.5 standards in detail. b) What is spread spectrum? Explain different types of spread spectrum with their diagrams. a) What are Geostationary Earth Orbit (GEO) Satellites? b) Explain main differences between OSI and TCP/IP reference models. a) Explain Hamming error correction protocol of Data Link layer. b) Explain advantages, disadvantages and applications of Radio Waves in wireless transmission. PART -B a) Consider the subnet given in above figure. Distance vector routing is used, and the following vectors have just come in to router C: from B (5,0,8,12,6,2); from D (16, 12,6,0,9,10); and from E (7,6,3,9,0,4). The measured delays to B, D, and E are 6, 3, and 5 respectively. What is C's new routing table? Give both the outgoing line to use and the expected delay. b) Explain the working of Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP). a) Explain the concept of Token bucket algorithm in detail.