

2125
B.E. (Electrical and Electronics Engineering)
Seventh Semester
PE-EE-703: Digital Signal Processing

Time allowed: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

NOTE: Attempt five questions in all, including Question No. 1 which is compulsory and selecting two questions from each Unit.

x-x-x

I. Attempt the following:-

- a) Define discrete-time signal and give one example.
- b) What is aliasing in the context of sampling?
- c) State any two properties of the Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT).
- d) Mention two differences between FIR and IIR filters.
- e) What is quantization noise? (5x2)

UNIT - I

- II. a) Explain the sampling theorem and derive the Nyquist criterion.
b) Determine the circular convolution of $x(n) = \{1, 2, 3\}$ and $h(n) = \{1, 1, 1\}$ using the DFT method. (2x5)
- III. a) Derive the general expression for the N-point Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT).
b) Compute the 4-point DFT of the sequence $x(n) = \{1, 0, -1, 0\}$. (2x5)
- IV. a) Explain the Radix-2 Decimation-in-Time (DIT) FFT algorithm with a neat flowgraph.
b) Show one stage of an 8-point Radix-2 FFT and describe the butterfly computations. (2x5)

UNIT - II

- V. a) Describe the design procedure for FIR filters using the windowing technique.
b) Explain the characteristics and ideal response of an ideal low-pass filter. (2x5)
- VI. a) Define quantization. Explain how quantization noise affects digital systems.
b) Discuss the impact of finite word length on digital filter performance. (2x5)
- VII. a) Describe the Direct Form-I and Direct Form-II structures of IIR filters.
b) Explain the bilinear transformation technique used for IIR filter design. (2x5)

x-x-x