2054

B.E. (Electronics and Communication Engineering) Eighth Semester

EC-809: Advanced Digital Communication

Time allowed: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

NOTE: Attempt <u>five</u> questions in all, including Question No. I which is compulsory and selecting two questions from each Unit.

x-x-x

- I. Attempt the following:
 - a) What is a baseband signal?
 - b) What do you mean by a modulation scheme with memory?
 - c) What is the difference between bit error probability and symbol error probability?
 - d) What do you mean by phase jitter?
 - e) How are the effects of interchannel interference in OFDM systems reduced? (5x2)

UNIT - I

- II. a) How is the low pass equivalent of bandpass signals generated?
 - b) What are orthonormal signals? How are they obtained?

(2x5)

- III. a) Obtain the PAM signal in terms of orthonormal basis functions and show its signal space diagrams for M=2,4,8.
 - b) How are CPM signals obtained? Show the pulse shapes for full response and partial response CPM signals. (2x5)
- IV. a) Give the mathematical model for an AWGN vector channel. What are the optimal decision schemes?
 - b) Give the structure of a matched filter receiver with N correlators and explain its working. (2x5)

UNIT-II

- V. a) How are band-limited channels characterized? What are some of the distortions a signal goes through in a channel?
 - b) How is the design of band-limited signals for no ISI carried out? What are the advantages of using raised cosine spectrum? (2x5)

P.T.O.

- VI. a) Explain the symbol-by-symbol data detection method for controlled ISI.
 - b) With the help of a diagram, explain the linear transversal filter used in linear equalization. What are the criteria for optimizing the equalizer coefficients? (2x5)
- VII. What is an OFDM system? Explain the process of modulation and demodulation in OFDM systems. Illustrate the magnitude spectrum for adjacent subcarriers in such a system. What are the ramifications of the large spectral overlap? How are they overcome? (10)