

2124

M. E. (Bio-Technology)
First Semester
ME-BIO-102: Biotechniques

Time allowed: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

NOTE: Attempt five questions in all, including Question No. 1 which is compulsory and selecting two questions from each Section.

x-x-x

1. Answer the following questions briefly:
 - a) What are the real life examples of Snell's law?
 - b) Differentiate between stable and radioisotope.
 - c) How does a dark field condenser work?
 - d) What is the principle of luminex multiplex assay?
 - e) Give two characteristic features of siRNA.
 - f) Define forster distance.
 - g) What is principle of two photon microscopy?
 - h) Define photobleaching.
 - i) Define SPR.
 - j) What is the illumina method of DNA sequencing? 1x10

SECTION A

2. List the key components of flow cytometer. Explain the function of each component and the process of separation of sub-populations of cells from a heterogeneous population. 10
- 3a What is the difference between TIRF and epifluorescence? Explain about two main types of TIRF microscopes? 6
- b Write down about various applications of affinity chromatography. 4
- 4a What is principle of confocal microscopy. Write down about its various components and advantages over fluorescence microscopes? 5
- b Elucidate yeast two-hybrid system as a method to study protein-protein interaction. 5

SECTION B

- 5a Explain various techniques for the preparation of DNA micro array chip. 6
- b Explain Multiplex FISH and Interphase FISH with examples. 4
- 6a What are the applications of genetic markers? 4
- b Explain principle, parts and applications of Atomic Force microscopy imaging? 6
- 7a What is the difference between elastic and inelastic electron scattering? How do SEM and TEM produces images? 5
- b Explain various steps in biogenesis of miRNA and application of miRNA as therapeutic agent. 5

x-x-x