

2053
B.E. (Electrical and Electronics Engineering)
Sixth Semester
EE-612: Signals and Systems

Time allowed: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

NOTE: Attempt five questions in all, including Question No. 1 which is compulsory and selecting two questions from each Unit.

x-x-x

I. Attempt the following:-

- What is Hilbert Transform? Write its mathematical expression.
- Explain when the system said to be memory less with an example.
- Relate the impulse signal, step signal, ramp signal.
- State the conditions for the ROC of causal and stable system function $H(z)$.
- Check whether the given system is time invariant and linear.

$$y(t) = x(t^2) + x(t) \quad (5 \times 2)$$

UNIT - I

- Check whether the given system is linear or non-linear: $y(t) = \sin(x(t+2))$
 - Differentiate between even and odd signals.
 - State the Dirichlet's conditions for the Fourier transform to exist. (4,3,3)
- Compute the Fourier transform of the signal, $x(t) = e^{-t}u(t)$.
 - State and prove the following properties of continuous time Fourier transform:
Scaling, Convolution.
 - What is a Dirac delta function? Enlist its properties? (4,3,3)
- State and prove sampling theorem. What is the Nyquist sampling rate?
 - Find the constant a_0 of the Fourier series for function $f(x) = x$ in $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$
 - Distinguish between discrete time signals and digital signals. (4,3,3)

UNIT - II

- Find the DTFS coefficients of the following DT periodic signal and plot the magnitude and phase spectrum, $x(n) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(n-8k)$

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(2)

- b) Determine the causal signal $x(n)$ having the z-transform using partial fraction method

$$X(z) = \frac{1}{(1+z^{-1})(1-z^{-1})^2} \quad (6,4)$$

- VI. a) Find the time signal corresponding to the following Laplace transform:

$$X(s) = \frac{4s^2 + 8s + 10}{(s+2)(s^2 + 2s + 5)}$$

- b) Given the z-transform pair $3^n u[n] \leftrightarrow X(z)$, use the z-transform property to determine the time domain signals corresponding to the following z-transform:

$$Y(z) = X(z)X(9z) \quad (6,4)$$

- VII. a) The Fourier series coefficient a_k/X_n of a periodic signal with fundamental period T are as follows

$$a_k \text{ or } X_n = \frac{2}{jk\pi}$$

Using the properties of Fourier series, find the Fourier series Coefficients for the following signals: $x(2t - 1)$ and $e^{j2\omega_0 t} x(t)$

- b) State and prove the duality property of DFT.
c) Enlist four properties of ROC of Laplace Transform. Discuss with suitable examples. (4,3,3)

x-x-x