

2063  
M. E. (Bio-Technology)  
First Semester  
ME-BIO-102: Biotechniques

Time allowed: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

**NOTE:** Attempt five questions in all, including Question No. 1 which is compulsory and selecting two questions from each Section.

x-x-x

1. Answer the following questions briefly:
- a) What are the applications of chromatography in molecular biology studies?
  - b) Give two examples of radioactive isotope.
  - c) What is the principle of TIRF microscopy?
  - d) Why do we use next generation sequencing?
  - e) How is RNA sequencing done?
  - f) What is Cryoelectron microscopy in simple terms?
  - g) Give two applications of DNA microarray.
  - h) What is the full form of FISH.
  - i) Name two techniques used to analyze protein – protein interaction. 1x10
  - j) What is forward scatter and side scatter in flow cytometry.

## SECTION A

2. Explain the basic principle, set up and applications of flow cytometry. 10
- 3a How are specimens prepared for SEM and TEM analysis. 5
- b Give an overview on SILAC workflow for proteomic quantitation. 5
- 4a Write down about different ionization techniques used in mass spectrometry. 5
- b Explain the analysis of protein ligand interaction using FRET technique. 5

## SECTION B

5. Write a note on basic principle and steps involved in DNA microarray technology. 10
- 6a Explain therapeutic approaches based on the use of miRNAs and siRNAs. 5
- b What is the principle and basic modes of Atomic Force microscopy imaging? 5
- 7a Explain about any two competing methods of next generation sequencing that have been developed by different companies. 6
- b Distinguish between RFLP and RAPD techniques? 4

x-x-x