2023 B.E. (Mechanical), First Semester ESC-X02: Computer Programming (MATLAB)

Time allowed: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 50

NOTE: Attempt <u>five</u> questions in all, including Question No. I which is compulsory and selecting two questions from each Unit.

x-x-x

	(1) What do you understand by the term string?	(2)
((ii) How can the information be obtained regarding variables stored in the works	
(i	iii) Is it possible to customize plots? If yes, how?	pace? (2)
		(2)
(1	iv) Write a command to draw multiple plots in the same graph	(2)
((v) The surface area A of a sphere depends on its radius r as follows: $A = A\pi n^2$	White the second Cl
	that prompts the user to enter a radius, computes surface area, and displays the reading everything in script file	he result in a diary
	reading everything in script me	(2)

UNIT - I

- 2. Code the function $y(x) = \frac{\sin(x)}{x}$ as an inline function sinc and in a function file called sincfun.m. You will use this function in the input list of explot in various ways in the following instructions:
 - Use the inline function sinc in the input list of ezplot to plot the function over the default domain.
 - Use the function sincfun as a string in the input list of ezplot to plot the function over the default domain.
 - Create a function handle for **sincfun** and use the handle in the input list of **ezplot** to plot the function over the default domain.
- 3. Create a 10×10 random matrix with the command A=rand(10). Now do the following operations:
 - Multiply all elements by 100 and then round off all elements of the matrix to integers.
 - Replace all elements of A < 10 with zeros.
 - Replace all elements of A > 90 with infinity.
 - extract all $30 \le a_{ij} \le 50$ in a vector b, that is, find all elements of A that are between 30 and 50 and put them in a vector b.
- 4. The height and speed of a projectile launched with a speed of v_0 at an angle A to the horizontal are given by

$$h(t) = v_0 t \sin A - 0.5 g t^2$$
$$v(t) = \sqrt{v_0^2 - 2v_0 g t \sin A + g^2 t^2}$$

where g is the acceleration due to gravity. The projectile will strike the ground when h(t) = 0, which gives the time to hit, $t_{hit} = 2\left(\frac{v_0}{g}\right) \sin A$. Suppose $A = 40^{\circ}$, $v_0 = 20m/s$, $g = 9.81m/s^2$. Use the MATLAB relational and logical operators to find the times when the height is no less than 6m and speed is simultaneously no greater than 16m/s.

(2x10)

Sub. Code: 6203

UNIT - II

5. Solve the equation

$$(x-3)(x+5) = 5$$

with the help of MATLAB function FZERO

6. Use QUAD function to integrate the following

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{\frac{-x^2}{2}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

7. Use MATLAB to solve following fourth-order differential equation

$$\frac{d^4y}{dt^4} + 5\frac{d^3y}{dt^3} + 7\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 6\frac{dy}{dt} + 7y = 8$$

Choose your own initial conditions

(2x10)