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Exam. Code: 0909

Sub. Code: 6310

2123

B.E. (Biotechnology)

Fifth Semester

BIO-513: Animal Cell Culture and Biotechnology

Time allowed: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

NOTE: Attempt five questions in all, including Question No. I which is compulsory and selecting two questions from each Unit.

x-x-x

1. Attempt the following:-

- i. Enlist the contribution(s) of Rous & Jones, and Hayflick?
 - ii. What is an episomal vector? Give a suitable example?
 - iii. What is an histotypic culture?
 - iv. What is the function of HEPES in the animal cell culture medium?
 - v. Which antibiotics are added to the cell culture medium to prevent mycoplasma contamination?
 - vi. What is the function of propidium iodide in FACS analysis?
 - vii. What is FISH?
 - viii. How the residual activity of trypsin is inhibited after disaggregation of monolayer cells?
 - ix. What are major disadvantages of using fetal bovine serum in the animal cell cultures?
 - x. What is the function of draught tube in Air-lift bioreactor?
- 1.0 X 10 = 10

UNIT - I

- 2a. What is a primary cell culture? How a fibroblast cell line can be evolved from mouse embryos?
- b. What is fetal bovine serum? Enlist its broader composition, functions and advantages for use in animal cell cultures? 5, 5
- 3a. What is a feeder layers? Describe its types and major advantages in animal cell culture.
- b. What is a 'Continuous Stirred tank Bioreactor'? Draw its schematic diagram, label its parts and describe their functioning in detail. 6, 4
- 4a. How suspension mammalian cell cultures may be scaled up? Describe the concept of hollow fiber bioreactor in detail.
- b. What are microcarriers? Describe their characteristics and major advantages in scale up of animal cell cultures. 5, 5

UNIT - II

- 5a. What is cryopreservation? Describe various types of cryoprotectants, their advantages, if any, and steps involved in cryopreservation of mammalian cells.
- b. What is *in vitro* maturation, co-culture and their advantage(s). 6, 4
6. Write short notes on any two of the following;
 - i. *In vitro* fertilization
 - ii. Uterine embryo transfers
 - iii. Oviduct embryo transfer5 X 2 = 10
- 7a. What is a transgene? Describe various steps involved in development of a transgenic mouse colony bearing a gene for human Blood Clotting factor-IX.
- b. What are mesenchymal stem cells? Describe their major characteristics and applications in regenerative medicine? 5, 5

x-x-x