Exam.Code:1007 Sub. Code: 7373

2122

M. E. (Information Technology) Third Semester MEIT-3103: Machine Learning

Time allowed: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

NOTE: Attempt <u>five</u> questions in all, including Question No. I which is compulsory and selecting two questions from each Part.

Y-Y-Y

	(a) Wha	t is the dif	ference be	tween classi	fication and	clustering	g?		(10)
	(b) What is the role of the learning rate parameter?(c) In which case, it is better to estimate theta/weights using normal equation								
			it is better	to estimate	ineta/weign	is using in	Jillai equati	ion	
	meth	od?	-t V	maana aluat	oring does r	ot work?			
	(d) In w	hat circum	iștances K	means clust by Independ	lent compor	ent analy	sis?		
	(e) Wha	t do you u	nderstand	Part		icit anary.			
	(-) 11/:41	the belo	of a numer			adient des	cent method	l for	(5)
!	(a) With the help of a numerical example explain gradient descent method for multiple linear regression. Also explain importance of positive and negative								. ,
	slope.								
	(b) Derive equation for maximum likelihood and logliklihood in case of logistic								(5)
	regre	ession.							
	Explain maximum margin classifier with the help of a numerical example. Also								(10)
	calculate and draw negative plane, positive plane and hyperplane.								100
	Update weights W1 & W2 for one iteration for single hidden layer neural network. This								(10)
	network has two input nodes, two nodes in hidden layer and I node in output layer. If								
	inputs are X1, X2, Weights W11, W12 & b1 bias are connected to node 1 of hidden								
	layer Weights W21, W22 & b1 bias are connected to node 2 of the hidden layer. W1,								
	W2 & b2 are connected to output layer. W11=0.1, W21=0.2, W12=0.15, W22=0.25, b1=0.35, W1=0.2, W2=0.25, b2=0.3, X1=0.5, X2=0.1, Y=0.1, alpha=0.01.								
	b1=0.35, W	1=0.2, W2	=0.25, b2			Y=0.1, alp	ha=0.01.		
					irt B .				T (10)
5.	Assign data points to two clusters in the following data using K means clustering.								(10)
	Points	P1 .	P2.	P3	P4 .			P6	
	X1	1	2 .	8	4	6		7	
	X2	1	2	7	5	4		5	(5)
6.	(a) Explain EM algorithm with the help of a numerical example.								(5)
	Communication and alouds								(5)
	(b) Consider one example of 3 hidden weather conditions Sunny, rainy and cloudy.								(5)
	Assume one weather condition persists for the whole day. Visible conditions are Umbrella and light wear cloths. Calculate probability P(light wear, Umbrella, Umbrella								
	Sunny, Rainy, Rainy) for the following probability tables. Assume Initial probabilities								
	as: (Sunny=0.5, Rainy =0.3, Cloudy=0.2).								
	as. (Sainty vis, rainy vis, state)								
		Sunny	Rainy	Cloudy		Light	Umbrell	a	
	Sunny	0.7	0.2	0.1		wear			
	Rainy	0.1	0.6	0.3	Sunny	0.9	0.1		
	Cloudy	0.25	0.15 .	0.6	Rainy	0.2	0.8		
	Cloudy 0.3 0.7								
7	Explain the	following	ξ ,						(10)
	(a) PC								
		4							