Exam. Code: 0931 Sub. Code: 6932

## 1129

## B.E. (Electronics and Communication Engineering) Seventh Semester

EC-704: Computer Architecture and Organization

Time allowed: 3 Hours

7

Max. Marks: 50

NOTE: Attempt <u>five</u> questions in all, including Question No. I which is compulsory and selecting two questions from each Unit.

x-x-x

- I. Attempt the following:
  - a) What are the two instructions needed in basic computer in order to set the E flip-flop to 1?
  - b) Show how the non-MRI tables can be stored in memory.
  - c) Perform the logic AND and XOR with two binary strings 10011100 and 10101010.
  - d) Define four segment pipeline processes.
  - e) What is the difference between isolated I/O and memory mapped I/O? (5x2)

## UNIT-I

- II. Design a 4-bit combinational circuit decrementer using four full-adder circuits. (10)
- III. An output program resides in memory starting from address 2300. It is executed after the computer recognizes an interrupt when FGO-becomes a 1 (while IEN = 1).
- IV. a) What instruction must be placed at address I?
  - b) What must be the last two instruction of the output program? (10)
- V. Write a program loop, using a pointer and a counter, that clears to 0 the contents of hexadecimal location 500 through 5FF. (10)

## UNIT-II

- VI. Prove that the multiplication of two n-digit numbers in base r gives a product no more than 2n digits in length. Show that this statement implies that no overflow can occur in the multiplication operation. (10)
- VII. Why the read and write control lines in DMA controller are bidirectional? Under what condition and for what purpose are they used as input and output? (10)
- VIII. What is the difference between a microprocessor and a microprogram? Is it possible to design a microprocessor without a microprogram? Are all microprogrammed computers also microprocessor? (10)