

1129
M. Tech. (Micro-Electronics)
First Semester
MIC-101: Semiconductor Device Physics

Time allowed: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

NOTE: Attempt five questions in all, including Question No. 1 which is compulsory and selecting two questions from each Section.

X-X-X

- 1) Attempt all questions (5*2=10)
- What is fermi-Direc distribution function?
 - Define diffusion current with its equation.
 - what is early effect?
 - Calculate the silicon diode current for the forward bias voltage of 0.6 V at 25° C. if the reverse saturation current is $10\mu A$.
 - Difference between MOSFET and JFET?

Section-I

- 2) (A) Design a semiconductor resistor of resistance $10K\Omega$ which is to be operated at 300k .The resistor should be able to handle a current density of $50 A/cm^2$ when a potential of 5V is applied across it. Given that the semiconductor material has been initially doped with a concentration of $N_d=5*10^{15}cm^{-3}$ and acceptors are to be added to form a compensated p-type material.
(B) Explain the electron and hole concentration in conduction band and valence band respectively for a extrinsic semiconductor. Figures and assumptions must be clearly notified.
- 3) a) What is Ebers-Moll Model for BJT.
b) For an abrupt Si p-n junction with $N_A=9*10^{16}cm^{-3}$ and $N_D^+=8*10^{15}cm^{-3}$. Calculate the following. Given that $T=300K$ $V_T=25.8mv$ and $n_i=10^{10}cm^{-3}$.
a) Built in potential (b) depletion width, $V_a=0v$ (c) the junction capacitance per unit area when $V_a=-3v$ (d) total depletion width when $V_a=-3v$ (e) the maximum electric field in the depletion region when $V_a=-3v$.
- 4) Explain the importance of continuity equations in bipolar transistor modeling and also derive the V-I characteristics of reverse and forward bias pn junction by using continuity equation.

Section-II

- 5) Mathematically derive the I-V characteristics of n-type JFET. Also find out the small signal parameters such drain conductance and transconductance of the same.
- 6) Explain following second order effects in BJTs operations.
- Effect of non uniform doping in base region
 - High injection in collector region
 - Heavy doping effects in emitter region
- 7) Show the formation of accumulation layer, positive space charge region and inversion layer for the MOS structure using an n-type semiconductor with the help of a suitable band diagram. Also explain the threshold voltage for a MOS

X-X-X