1108

B.E., (Computer Science and Engineering) **Third Semester CS-303: Discrete Structures**

Time allowed: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

NOTE: Attempt five questions in all, including Question No. I which is compulsory and selecting two questions from each Section.

Q1. Attempt the following:-

- What is indegree and outdegree of a graph? I.
- Define POSETS. II.
- Define abelian group. III.
- Differentiate between an ordered and unordered partition of a finite set. IV.
- Explain the Pegeonhole principle. V.
- Give an example of graph that has Euler Circuit but not Hamiltonian Circuit VI.
- Differentiate predicate logic and propositional logic. VII.
- Discuss recurrence relations. VIII.
 - Define lattice with example. IX.
 - What do you mean by chromatic number? X.

(10)

Section A

Q2(a) Let R and S be the following relations on $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$:

 $R = \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 1), (3, 3)\},\$

 $S = \{(1, 2), (1, 3), (2, 1), (3, 3)\}$

Find a) $R \cup S$, $R \cap S$, R^c ;

b) $S^2 = S \circ S$.

- (b) Prove that If R is an equivalence relation on a set A, show that R⁻¹ is also an equivalence (05+05) relation on A.
- Let f: R \rightarrow R be defined by f (x) = 3x 7. Find a formula for the inverse function f⁻¹: R \rightarrow R 03(a)
 - Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$, give an example of a mapping (6) which is (i) neither symmetric nor anti-symmetric, (ii) anti-symmetric and reflexive but not transitive.

(05+05)

2.

- (A) Test the validity of the following arguments:
 - If milk is black then every crow is white.

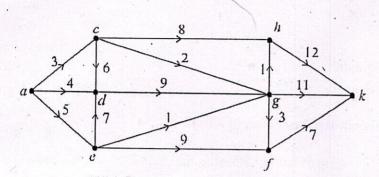
If every crow is white then it has 4 legs.

- If every crow has 4 legs then every Buffalo is white and brisk.
- 4. The milk is black.
- 5. So, every Buffalo is white.
- b) Prove the validity of following arguments without using truth table. $(p \land q) \rightarrow r, p \rightarrow q \mid p \rightarrow ((p \land q) \land r)$

(05+05)

Section B

- (25(a) How many 5-digits telephone numbers can be constructed using the digits 0 to 9 if each number starts with 67, for example 67125 etc., and no digit appears more than once?
 - If A(n) 9A(n-1) + 26 A(n-2) 24 A(n-3) = 0 for $n \ge 3$ with, A(0) = 0, A(1) = 1 and A(2) = 10. Determine the sequence from its generating function.
- (a) Find the shortest path from a to k using Dijkstra's Algorithm.



(b) Define and give example of

0.7

- a. Homeomorphic graph
- b. Complete bipartite graph.

$$(05+05)$$

Consider the set Q of rational numbers, and let * be the operation on Q defined by

$$a*b = a+b-ab$$

- (a) Find: (i) 3 * 4; (ii) 2 * (-5); (iii) 7 * (1/2).
- (b) Is (Q, *) a semigroup? Is it commutative?
- (c) Find the identity element for *.
- (d) Do any of the elements in Q have an inverse? What is it?

(10)

X-x-x