## Exam.Code:0930 Sub. Code: 6231

## 1048

B.E. (Electronics and Communication Engineering) Sixth Semester EC-604: Data Structures and Algorithms

Time allowed: 3 Hours

Q2.

**D**3.

Q5.

Q6.

Q7.

(a)

(a)

Max. Marks: 50

NOTE: Attempt five questions in all, including Question No. I which is compulsory and selecting

x - x - x

- Distinguish between the row major and column major ordering of an array. Q1. (i) (ii)
  - Discuss the time complexity of an algorithm using 'O' notation. (iii)
  - How are insert operations carried out in a stack? (iv)
  - How are push and pop operations implemented on a linked stack? (v)
  - Why are binary search tree retrievals more efficient than sequential list retrievals?

## Part-A

- Define an Array and explain the two operations supported by it. Discuss using suitable examples, the applications of arrays. (b)
  - Analyze the behavior of the following program which computes the n<sup>th</sup> Fibonacci number, for appropriate values of 'n'. Obtain frequency count of the statements for various cases of 'n'. (a)
  - Write an algorithm to convert the following infix expression to postfix expression.

A + B \* C - D for A = 2, B = -1, C = 2 and D = 3. (b)

- Consider a stack DEVICE [1:3] of peripheral devices. Perform the operation of inserting following items as PEN, PLOTTER, JOY STICK and PRINTER into DEVICE and (a)
- Q4. What is a doubly linked list? Using suitable diagram, illustrate its logical and physical representations. Also, discuss the various operations which can be performed on it. (b)
  - Write a pseudocode procedure to insert NEW\_DATA as the kth element (K>1) in a non-empty singly linked list, T.

## Part-B

- Make the use of the infix and postfix expressions given below to trace the corresponding expression tree: Infix:  $A + B * C / F \uparrow H$ , Postfix: A B C \* F H ↑ / + (b)
- Implement the ADT of a binary tree in a language of your choice. Include the operations to (i) obtain the height of a binary tree (ii) list of leaf nodes (a)
- Write a procedure to explain the process of Breadth First Traversal of an undirected graph. (b) Delete keys 333, 891 and 416 in the order given, from the binary search tree T associated
- with set  $S = \{416, 891, 456, 765, 111, 654, 345, 256, 333\}$ . (a)
  - What is the need of Minimum Cost Spanning Tree? Discuss its applications in detail. (b) Define a Hash function. Discuss using suitable examples some methods of obtaining hash