Exam.Code: 0915 Sub. Code: 6777

1128

B.E. (Computer Science and Engineering) Third Semester CS-302: Database Systems

Time allowed: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

NOTE: Attempt <u>five</u> questions in all, including Question No. I which is compulsory and selecting two questions from each Unit.

x-x-x

- I. Answer the following in brief:
 - a) What is Query Tree?
 - b) Explain atomicity of transaction.
 - c) Define threat with example.
 - d) What are clustered indexes? List its advantages and disadvantages.
 - e) What is join dependency? How it is related to normalization?
 - f) Define deferred update. Give example.
 - g) Difference between cursors and triggers.
 - h) Define cardinality in ER diagram. Give example.
 - i) List all the aggregate operators in SQL.
 - j) Define digital signatures.

(10x1)

UNIT-I

II. Consider the following schemas:

Sailors (sid, sname, rating, age)

Reserves (sid, bid, day)

Boats (bid, bname, color)

Write the following queries in relational algebra, tuple relational Calculus and domain relational calculus:

- a) Find the name of sailors who have reserved boat 103.
- b) Find the names and ages of sailors with a rating above 7.
- c) Find the names of sailors who have reserved a red boat.
- d) Find the sname, bid, and day for each reservation.
- e) Find the name of sailors who have reserved at least one boat. (10)

P.T.O.

- III. a) How checkpoints are used in database recovery?
 - b) Define a transaction and its desirable ACID properties. Explain the problem of dirty read by giving an example. (5x2)
- IV. Consider the following relation for published books:

 BOOK(Book_title, Author_name, Book_type, List_price, Author_affil, Publisher)

 Author_affil refers to the affiliation of author.

 Suppose the following dependencies exist:

 $Book_title \rightarrow Publisher, Book_type Book_type \rightarrow List_price$ $Author_name \rightarrow Author_affit$

a) What normal form is the relation in? Explain your answer.

b) Apply normalization until you cannot decompose the relations further. State the reasons behind each decomposition (10)

UNIT-II

- V. Differentiate between the following:
 - a) Strong entity set and a weak entity set
 - b) 1:N and M:N cardinality
 - c) TRC and DRC
 - d) 3NF and BCNF
 - e) DAC and MAC (5x2)
- VI. a) Explain two phase locking protocol. What are its disadvantages?
 - b) Explain types of access control method. Discuss the popular model for mandatory access control. Define Polyinstatiation. (2x5)
- VII. a) What are the properties of transaction management? Explain serializability with example.
 - b) What is a query evaluation plan? What are its advantages and disadvantages? (2x5)